LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XXI. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1864. NUMBER 12.

AGRICULTURAL.

PITT'S PATENT

SEPARATOR & CLEANER.

THESE MACHINES HAVE BEEN SELLING IN Kentucky for the last four years, and in every instance have given the most perfect satisfaction. For capacity, durability and fine finish, they are unequalled.

☞We warrant every Machine to give satisfaction.

CASH PRICE.

8-horse, with Separator, Cleaner, Power and Wagon	$450
6-horse, " " " " "	416
4-horse, " " " " "	375

☞Extras for all parts of the Machine, on hand.

PRICE COMMON THRESHING MACHINES.

2-horse Power complete, Rice & Schwartz	$180
4-horse " " " "	200

COOK'S PATENT

EVAPORATOR.

We have the EXCLUSIVE CONTROL of this Evaporator for the State of Kentucky, and in Indiana, bordering on the river. Persons who are growing sorghum are invited to call and examine them, or send for a circular giving full descriptions.

CASH PRICE.

No. 2 complete	Iron $70,	Copper $110
No. 3 complete	" 80,	" 125
No. 4 complete	" 90,	" 140

VICTOR CANE MILL.

We are selling with our Evaporator, the above celebrated Mill, which is far ahead of all others for strength, durability and capacity. It is built on an entire different principle from any other mill, and cannot be excelled. Our Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mills are fully equal in size and capacity, to Nos. 2, 3 and 4 of any other manufacture, which makes them the cheapest as well as the best. We warrant them to be superior to any other kind offered for sale in this market.

CASH PRICE.

No. 0 Light one-horse Mill	$70
No. 1 Small "	85
No. 2 Large two-horse "	100
No. 3 Small "	125

CIDER MILLS.

We have the celebrated Buckeye Cider Mill, and the Kentucky Mill. They are both considered as good as any in the market for grinding and pressing grapes and apples. Send in your orders early to secure them.

CASH PRICE.

Buckeye No. 1	$50
Kentucky No. 1	45
Hutchinson No. 1	36

GRAIN DRILLS.

We have an assortment of the best kinds made in store. It has been ascertained beyond doubt, that wheat which was drilled in last year, was not badly winter-killed, and produced a fair crop, whilst that which was sown broadcast on the same soil, was almost entirely worthless. In drilling in wheat you save the labor of one man and team, besides saving seed enough in sowing 100 acres to pay for your drill.

CASH PRICE.

8 Hoe Drills complete	$100
9 " " "	105
10 " " "	110

HORSE HAY RAKE.

We have the improved *STEEL TOOTH RAKE*, running on wheels, and the revolving Rake. We consider the Steel Tooth Rake just what large farmers have long been looking for. They rake meadows and stubblefields equally well. Call and see them.

Steel Tooth complete	$45
Revolving 24 Square Teeth	11
Revolving 16 Square Teeth	12
Revolving 18 Square Teeth	13

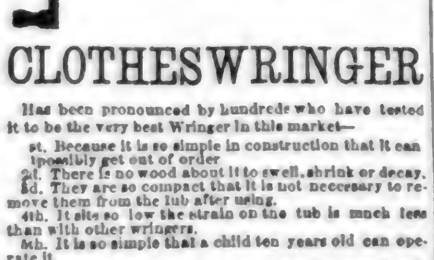
Horse Hay Fork.

We have the control of Kentucky for the sale of GLADDING'S PATENT HORSE PITCHFORK. We consider it as great a labor-saving machine as the *Buckeye Mower* or *Steel Tooth Hay Rake*. Every hay raiser should, by all means, have one. Buy no other kind but Gladding's, if you want the best. Call and see them.

Price, complete with 60 feet of rope $18

Agents wanted.

SHERMAN'S IMPROVED



CLOTHESWRINGER

Has been pronounced by hundreds who have tested it to be the very best Wringer in this market—

1st. Because it is so simple in construction that it can impossibly get out of order.
2d. There is no wood about it to swell, shrink or decay.
3d. They are so compact that it is not necessary to remove them from the tub after using.
4th. It sits so low the strain on the tub is much less than with other wringers.
5th. It is so simple that a child ten years old can operate it.
6th. It needs no adjusting, except for the largest article, as there is no necessity for starting the set screws to wring anything from a lace collar to a sheet.
7th. It saves time, labor, clothes and money. It is worth as much for starching as wringing, leaving the starch perfectly even in every part of the clothes.

We sell this Wringer guaranteeing it to perform in a satisfactory manner, or we do not ask the purchaser to keep them.

Price, complete $7 00

☞Agents wanted all over the State.

NOTICE.

In addition to articles above we keep a general assortment of—

Agricultural Implements & Seeds,
Cumming's Patent Cutting Boxes,
Sandford's Patent Cutting Boxes,
Virginia Corn Shellers,
Buckeye Corn Shellers,
Western Corn Shellers,
Cultivators, Corn Planters,
Plows Cast and Steel,
Grain Cradles and Scythes,
Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, &c

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

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Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR	$10 00
SIX MONTHS	6 00
ONE MONTH	1 00

Notice to Mail Subscribers

Subscribers are supplied with a notice of the date their subscription will expire ten days in advance of the time; and again with a second notice on the day the last copy paid for is sent. This will enable all persons to keep the run of their accounts, and to renew in time not to miss an issue of the paper.

☞The editor of the Frankfort Commonwealth says he was always an Emancipationist. Ah, indeed. We never heard of his supporting the Emancipation ticket in 1849, when it was a question fairly before the State. In 1859, when J. F. Bell ran for Governor, and J. M. Harlan for Congress in the Frankfort district, the Commonwealth supported them both. And what was the specialty at that time with both these candidates? It was the doctrine of Rhett, Yancey & Co.; that the Constitution protected and, in fact, required slavery in every Territory; that every department of the Federal Government was bound to protect the owner of slaves in every Territory against what they contemptuously called squatter-sovereignty. They and the Commonwealth sneered themselves nearly to death at that happy term of reproach invented by the fire-eaters—squatter sovereignty. This was the very gist of the whole contest. The issue presented by these fire-eaters and aided by the Commonwealth & Co. was the wedge calculated and designed to dissolve the Union. It was a rugged issue that placed the South on one side and nearly all the North on the other. It was the issue presented at Charleston and Baltimore by the Commonwealth's coadjutors, and its refusal by the North was made the occasion of a defection. We told the Commonwealth & Co. daily what they were doing; that they were raising a storm they could not lay; but no; we were a squatter sovereign and an Abolitionist. We would not go with an Administration of our own party in making such a test. But the Commonwealth and its party went pell-mell, until the fatal calamity came, the natural result of their teaching.

Now the editor of the Commonwealth says: "Oh, we were never a pro slavery man." He wasn't, eh? Well he was the best imitator of one we ever saw. He could simulate that character to perfection. He was so good a counterfeit that the best detective could not tell him from the genuine article. He was as zealous on the ultra pro-slavery side as he is now on the anti-slavery side. If the editor was not in earnest then, what can we think of him now—is he in earnest?

The Commonwealth accuses us of changing. No wonder a man whirling round rapidly thinks every object whirling. We expect to change parties whenever our party changes from right to wrong. We shall try and not be over-much righteous, nor make ourselves over-much wise. We shall not assail a party we have acted with for some aberrations, when they are in the main right; but when they take the wrong road entirely, and will listen to neither reason nor experience, we shall get off the train.

We are a Democrat, as we understand the old apostles of that school, and a Union man always—for a Union with the consent of the people of all the States, not a Union held together by the sword, with laws to be executed over a people by standing armies. We are, in short, for such a Union as we have had, which our fathers made. We owe no allegiance to any other sort of a Union.

In our judgment, the Commonwealth & Co. are demoralizing and destroying the Union. They are the best party to make rebels we have ever read of in all history. We are apprehensive that they will make a universal rebellion and then join it themselves. After they have succeeded, we shall look out for a party to build up what they have destroyed. If we have not got the right party to do that we shall change parties. We intend to have the old Union in spite of the Commonwealth & Co., or Jeff. Davis & Co. We shall have a majority with us after a while North and South.

The people are capable of self-government, except once in a while, and the last few years are an exception. The people will stop and think themselves presently, and not follow the wild teachings of the Commonwealth & Co., which runs off after slavery, one while away to the Rocky Mountains to preserve it there, where nobody wants it, and then start on an opposite and equally impossible and improper crusade to destroy slavery over the heads of State authorities. Such contradictory and absurd teachings are suited to unsettle and destroy everything and build up nothing. That is just what the Commonwealth and its school are fit for.

☞The last news from England informs us of the signal failure of the tory party to defeat the Ministry, and that in consequence the power is greatly strengthened in their hands.

No event has happened, we might almost say since this war began, of more importance to us than this apparently not pertinent event. We have complained bitterly of the conduct of Great Britain towards us, and of the manifest sympathy and partiality she has exhibited for our revolted citizens. Our complaints have even engendered, or rather heightened, the feeling of hostility to England, and the Ministry has especially been condemned.

The course of the British Government in the Trent affair, and in turning out such vessels as the Alabama and the Florida to prey upon our commerce, has been cited again and again with feelings of increased rancor. The protection which Confederate vessels have received in British ports, and the aid which has been given the enemy in running the blockade, have not tended to soften this feeling.

It is no doubt true that Great Britain has not acted with strict impartiality—and so far we have cause of complaint. It is, however, quite another matter whether we have the right to complain of the British Ministry.

In considering what they have done, we should also have in mind what they failed to do. It is apparent that, however far the ministry may have gone in their Southern sympathies, they have not gone as far as the British people. All their feelings are loudly and actively in favor of the rebellion. The applause and commendation which Semmes receives for his exploits in the Alabama and his final defeat indicate very plainly where the feeling of the British people tends. This is but one instance. A thousand others might be given. All of them go to prove that, had the Ministry at any time chosen to yield to the popular will, and declared either in favor of intervention or that our blockade of the Southern coast was inefficient, it would have been backed up by the whole united power of the British people. We say the whole power, for we look upon Bright and others, friendly to us, as leaders without followers. They are, when separated from purely political consideration not concerning us, entirely alone.

If the Government, then, had yielded to the outcries in the Trent affair, we would certainly be much worse off, if possible, now than we are.

There has been no want of opportunities for interference and apparently justifiable interference in our affairs. It is known that before the French Emperor made his proposition for intervention, he made a first proposition to England to unite with him. If the Ministry had done so, does any one doubt but the two powers foremost in the world, by sea and land, would have taken such steps as to make their interference effectual, or that that interference would have resulted in the blockade of our ports and the prompt recognition of the independence of the Southern Confederacy?

These are facts it would be well for the next patriot to bear in mind, before he invokes curses upon the British Ministry for what they have done.

It must be remembered that they have withstood the popular clamor at home and the influence of their powerful ally, the French Emperor. They have seen many of their large cotton factories stopped, and the profits growing out of the cotton trade stopped. It is not a matter of doubt what we would have done under similar circumstances. We were always prompt in the recognition of struggling revolutionists from less cause than England has.

It is a cause of congratulation to us, therefore, that the Palmerston administration has been successful. Had it been defeated, the inauguration of a Tory administration would have been followed immediately by the opening of English ship yards to Confederate builders and purchasers of vessels. The proposition for intervention defeated the other day would have had quite another result, and we would have had more war on hands than we possibly could know just what to do with.

☞The Evansville Journal says: We are informed that a refugee named Smith had been working for a man in Union Township, and a day or two ago took it into his head to cross the river and turn guerrilla. So, yesterday morning, he went to the river and found a son of Mr. John Hawkins guarding a skiff. Smith succeeded in capturing the pistol and the skiff from the boy, and started to the Kentucky shore. Hawkins, learning the state of the case, pursued, and as Smith landed on the Kentucky shore commenced firing on him. The firing was returned, and Hawkins pursued Smith on the Kentucky shore, and it was believed he (Hawkins) had been killed, as firing was heard after he left the bank of the river. But later in the evening he returned safe, having been pursued and fired at by the guerrillas.

☞On the 24th, Lieut. Garnett, stationed near New Mexico, Mo., received information that the guerrillas had taken J. H. Davis, of the E. M., from his residence, carried him eleven miles, and then shot him. The Lieutenant immediately arrested four prominent citizens, and telegraphed Col. Sanderson, Provost Marshal General, for instructions. Before he received a reply, the guerrillas came to within three miles of Mexico, and seized twenty-five Union men. They sent one in to report to Lieut. Garnett, "that unless he released his hostages by 7 o'clock that afternoon, they would kill twenty-five Union men." The Lieutenant immediately seized twenty-five prominent rebels, and thus the matter stands.

The Lieutenant, in his report, says the whole county is alive with bushwhackers.

JUDICIAL ELECTION.—An election for Judge of the Court of Appeals in one of the districts takes place next Monday. The candidates are Messrs. Durall and Benton. The former is the present incumbent. His ability and high character as a judge are well known to the bar of this State. The counties composing the district are the following: Bracken, Campbell, Kenton, Boone, Gallatin, Carroll, Trimble, Oldham, Shelby, Franklin, Woodford, Anderson, Mercer, Boyle, Garrard, Jessamine, Fayette, Scott, Harrison, Pendleton, Grant, Owen and Henry.

THE CINCINNATI GRAPE CROP.—The grape crop about Cincinnati this season does not appear to be very promising. At a recent meeting of the Horticultural Society, Mr. Moehler reported that the Delaware is not rotting this year, while other grapes, especially the Cape and Mango, are. Dr. Whipple said his Delawares are rotting, the Concords escaping. The Catawba will not produce more than one-sixth or one-tenth of a crop. Mr. Challin stated the rot attacked his Catawbas and Isabellas, and simply thinned the fruit. It was too abundant early in the season.

☞The St. Louis Democrat says the contrabands of that city who have escaped from bondage have a hard time. The boys in the streets pelt them with stones whenever they find them basking on cellar doors or sunning themselves in lonesome alleys; the sons of St. Patrick give them a "twist," as that Saint did the toads and snakes, and try the strength of their skulls by whacking them on the head with shillalies, and the soldiers amuse themselves by tickling the ribs of the poor darkies with the points of their bayonets.

CIGARS.—The Hartford Post says that, owing to the large tax upon tobacco and its manufacture, several of the large firms in that city will stop manufacturing. The raw material is taxed, the buyer is taxed, till, in fact, the poor cigar man has got "tax on the brain;" but the climax was reached on Tuesday, when they were informed that the tax on cigars made by them would have to be paid weekly.

☞The new metals, cæsium and rubidium, at first found only in a few mineral waters, are now known to be widely distributed in the vegetable as well as the mineral kingdom, being found in the beet root, tea or coffee, in their salts or ashes; so that, without our knowing it, we are constantly consuming two rare and valuable metals.

DROUGHT.—From a hasty examination of my Register for the last thirty years, writes Prof. Caswell to the Philadelphia Bulletin, I think the present drought in this vicinity may be set down as unprecedented. In fifty-one days, commencing with June 31, we have had but just one inch of rain.

☞The authorities of Cherbourg refuse to give up the eight wounded prisoners sent by Capt. Winslow to the hospital for treatment. They say it is an indisputable rule of French law that every prisoner of war who sets foot on French soil by that act becomes free.

☞The Mayor of Columbus, Ohio, says the number of lewd women is alarmingly on the increase in that city, and calls for some action on the part of the city council to prevent or remedy it.

☞The New York Times speaks of the late raid by General Rousseau as "one of the prettiest things of the season—one of the most noteworthy cavalry raids of the whole war."

☞The New York Herald says if a man consistently opposes the Government of blundering Old Abe for any reasonable length of time, he is sure to be right at last.

☞Henry Horstman is announced as an independent Democratic candidate for the Legislature in Kenton county, at the ensuing August election.

☞Miss Apley hung herself to a bed-post at South Woodstock, Conn., a few days since. Her father did just so two years ago.

A Belgerine in Grief.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Democrat.]

BARDSTOWN, July 25, 1864.

Messrs. Editors: Some ten or twelve rebel horsemen dashed into this quiet, slumbering town, on Monday night last, but acted in a very unobtrusive manner—causing no one to "shell out," nor manifesting the least vindictiveness, if, indeed, they knew of it, at the almost fatal termination to which the life of one of them was subjected, upon the afternoon of the same day, at the hands of young Hardin. They remained in the town an hour or two and then departed, none knew whither. Major Fidler has been scouting around in the neighborhood since then, but has not, that we are aware of, effected any captures. The Major is, undoubtedly, a very vigilant officer, but he had no right to stop us the other day as we went sailing into town, astride of the very counterpart of the famous Rosinante of Quixotic glory, and had just arrived opposite our sweetheart's residence, with the thundering demands of "Halt! who are you? whither bound?" As to the "halt," we halted so suddenly that we found ourself astride of our steed's neck; as to *who we were*, we thought that a little levity might help our case considerably, so we replied in a patronizing way that we were an intimate friend of the American Eagle, and a second cousin to the Goddess of Liberty. As to the "whither bound," we felt a "leetle riled," and as we straightened ourself up in our saddle and glanced at the house opposite, we showed the Major clearly by our looks that we were indignant, besides being impatient, a *few*. With the remark that he'd "see us again," he strode off, and we strode—in, muttering to ourself—well, the ten commandments, for instance. We have been made a martyr of since we have been out here rusticating. Henceforth let no man say that we have not suffered for our country. A day or two since we visited a town a few miles distant on the railroad, and were strolling, leisurely, out the pike one evening, when we heard some one order "halt!" We halted "nary time," because we didn't detect the allusion to us. Presently a renewed yelp of "stop thar, you man with the long white coat on!" We stopped "immediately," with an indignant frown in our expressive face, for our duster was the pride of our wardrobe—having the longest tails of any coat in our knowing. The Government agents hereabouts have threatened to impose a tax on its elongated appendages, and allusions have been made on divers occasions by toll gate keepers to the happy prospect of charging us double toll. We felt parboiled with anger. Said he, "My frien,' I have orders to 'rest all 'spicious characters. Who knows but what you've opened somebody's stable door, lately, and stole a hoss!" We saw immediately what was up—we were taken for a guerrilla!! "My beautiful friend, we haven't exactly got a hoss in our possession, but we've got the next thing to it," said we, as we pulled a *Colt* out of our pocket and held it up to his military gaze. "We used to carry a 'hoss'," said we, explainingly (meaning of course a "hoss pistol") "but the times have reduced us to a *colt*." He explained by saying that he meant a four-legged horse. We felt that he could have no allusion to our *Colt*, because *that* was in the habit of kicking six times. He then pointed his bayonet at us and told us to march up in town and "swallow the oath of allegiance," or some other sort of compound. We asked him if we hadn't better fortify as we proceeded, at the same time pulling a bottle out of our pocket and handing it over. He was evidently used to fortifying—as all veterans ought to be—for, setting his gun in the fence corner, he tied his "galluses" around his waist, reared himself back and fortified immensely; in fact, threw up a heavy breast-work. He had no sooner fortified than he looked at us savagely and declared that we had stolen *two* horses, and that he had a great notion to "parole us to await exchange." We begged him not to *roll* us much, as we might get our clothes dirty a few, but that he might put us on any *pay roll* that brought an income other than greenbacks. Our escort marched us in "double file" for about a hundred yards further, when we proposed to fortify again for fear of our rise, accident, and other military causes. This time our companion fortified heavily—in fact, threw up a perfect redoubt—bomb-proof, casemates, and all. After which he swore that we had stolen six horses and a mule, was a Confederate spy, and "proposed to move immediately on our works" with his bayonet. We told him not to strike us with that thing at the point indicated, for fear he might hurt our *feelings*. He ordered us to "toes out," "eyes right," "steady our right center," and wheel our "flanks by the left column" until we reached town. He then ordered a "charge." We didn't "charge" much, however, before we met the Provost Guard, who came very near storming our fortifications. Some officer asked us if we'd take an "oath of allegiance." We told him we'd take three—two for ourself, and one for our companion who had so kindly escorted us to town, and a half dozen to retail out in our neighborhood. He told us very savagely that he hadn't but one to spare. He gave us that one—it went very well. We took it straight. My road side friend, who was called a picker, we suppose because he picks up individuals on the road, was so mad because they wouldn't give him one, especially when we had offered to stand treat, that he couldn't stand up, but laid with his head in the gutter, his feet in an ash box, and his bayonet run through the sleeve of his jacket. He tried to commit suicide, we suppose. After we went home we related our adventure to some of our friends, and they said it was a "good joke," and laughed heartily. We begin to think that we have been slightly imposed on. We are occasionally saluted with modest inquiries of "how are you, horse-thief?" We are much perplexed. We sigh over our misfortunes continually. We can write no more. Adieu.

Yours, in deep grief,

CARLOS.

☞Lady Wortly Montague, the famous wit and beauty, made the most sarcastic observation that was ever published about her own sex. "It goes far," said my lady, "to reconcile me to being a woman, when I reflect that I am thus in no danger of ever marrying one!" What if a man had said that? But see how another lady, the unhappy Countess of Landsfelt, inverted the sentiment and turned the satire into the most delicate and generous of compliments. "I never behold a beautiful woman," said Lola Montez in one of her lectures, "but I fall in love with her myself, and wish I were a man that I might marry her!"

☞The Madison (Ind.) Courier says some men were seen prowling about the line of the I. and M. R. R. on the 26th. That night one of them attempted to force an entrance into Mr. McNutt's stable, when he was fired on and killed. Another of the gang was shot at about two miles from McNutt's, but was not hurt.

INSURANCE AGAINST TORNADOES.—The Pike County Democrat (Illinois) has this advertisement:

"Fire and Tornado Insurance Company, Freeport, Ill., insures against loss or damage by fire, windstorms, and tornadoes. Capital secured by chartered lien on real estate; cash value $200,000."

☞Nine lawyers in St. Louis recently volunteered to defend a pretty female thief. The jury, having the last say, failed to agree with the "talking nine" as to the innocence, modesty, &c., of the fair client.

☞The Democratic and Republican candidates for State office in Indiana have united in a petition to the President to allow all legal voters in Indiana regiments to return home to vote.

☞A conscript being told that it was sweet to die for his country, tried to excuse himself on the ground that he never did like sweet things.

☞The Ohio Statesman says that three thousand farms in Ohio are left without a man to attend them.

☞Among the persons drafted in Covington yesterday was Captain E. H. Samuel, Provost Marshal of the Sixth (Ky.) District.
[Cin. Commercial, 28th.

☞The brick layers of Cincinnati are on another strike, demanding four dollars per day.

☞More European Mormons—1020—arrived at New York one day last week.

☞An elevated taste may be defined as a liking for high venison.—[Punch.

Cincinnati Specials.

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, July 26, 9 A. M., VIA WASHINGTON, July 27.

No offensive movement has yet been made by any part of this army. Decisive events, however, cannot be far off. During the last three days the rebel pickets have steadily refused, in consequence of superior orders, to make the customary exchange of newspapers, doubtless because of bad news from Atlanta.

Artillery and picket firing continue actively on the right and center. The enemy's shells are becoming very annoying. Yesterday one of their 8-inch mortar shells dropped into a group of five officers, indulging in a chat in the rear of Neave's line of General Sedlie's division, and exploded right among them. Captain Calnaha, of the Fifty-sixth Massachusetts, and Lieutenants Royce and Bowman, were very seriously injured—the latter mortally.

General Martindale has resigned; Gen. Birney assumes command of the Tenth corps; Brig. Gen. Ferrero has been mustered out on account of non-confirmation by the Senate; Gen. Julius White now commands a colored division; Gen. Bartlett, of New York, commands the First division of the Fifth corps temporarily during the absence of Gen. Griffin on sick leave; Gen. Bartlett, of Massachusetts, wounded in the Wilderness, has reported for duty and resumed command of his old brigade in the Ninth corps; General Reynolds and Gen. McMillan, of Indiana, are among the late arrivals.

Advices from various sections indicate that the new loan will be received favorably. The instructions to those authorized to receive subscriptions were sent out yesterday and to-day. Subscriptions were received in some of the large cities to-day, but the amounts were not reported to the Treasury. Returns will begin to come in to-morrow. The first subscriber here is one of the Treasury clerks, who thus secures the first bonds.

Additional Paymaster, G. Folsom, said to be a defaulter in a large amount, was arrested here yesterday and sent to the Old Capitol.

A side-wheel steamer, which got aground near the shore, on the shoal in the Chesapeake Bay, below the mouth of the Potomac, a day or two ago, was burned by a roving band of rebels. The officers and crew escaped. The pilot was suspected of foul play and has been arrested.

The appearance here within a few days of a large number of alien refugees from the South indicates a recent change of policy on the part of the rebels in respect to allowing passage through the lines.

The statement that the brief letter of the President "to whom it may concern," which appears in the Niagara Falls peace correspondence, was entirely the work of Mr. Seward, and the counter-statement that Mr. Seward had nothing to do with the matter, are equally at fault.

It is asserted, on good authority, that when the President received Horace Greeley's dispatch asking fresh instructions, he at once sent for Mr. Seward, who was with him for an hour or so and then returned to the State Department. Later in the afternoon, the President went to the department and had a brief interview with Mr. Seward, at which the answer to be returned to Mr. Greeley, as substantially agreed upon at the first consultation, was somewhat modified. The further statement that Mr. Seward's recent visit to the army had something to do with this peace business, is pronounced false.

At this writing the rebel movement in the valley has not developed any serious form, notwithstanding sensation reports from Baltimore and Lower Pennsylvania. As reported in this correspondence on Monday, the enemy fell upon Crook's military forces at Winchester on Sunday, and he retired through Martinsburg to the river. There was very little fighting, for the rebel force was so manifestly superior that Crook did not deem it wise to risk an engagement. Since Sunday the enemy has been pushing out small bodies of troops in various directions, but thus far there is nothing more than skirmish fighting, without material loss to either side.

They threaten Harper's Ferry, but do not command it. They have been in possession of Martinsburg, but many reports to-day assert that it is again in our hands. They have not crossed the river, and, so far as is known, do not hold any of the fords. One important military authority avows the belief that a considerable portion of Hill's corps has been sent up from Petersburg, and that a movement into Pennsylvania is intended; such belief, however, it is understood, does not prevail at the War Department. It is regarded as probable that a small body of troops may have been sent ten days ago to the relief of Early and Breckinridge, and may now be operating with those commands to cover the movement of booty to Richmond, and to distract the attention of Grant.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27.

There is an ominous stillness to-day in the city, though a deep current of activity is everywhere visible. It is difficult to learn anything about what is doing or going to be done. Up to the present writing, the raiders are still on the south side of the Potomac, and our forces hold all the fords. I am reliably informed the authorities here understand this to be the same force that made the previous raid, with the addition of Imboden's cavalry and two new divisions from Richmond.

This would swell their number to something like 50,000. If this conclusion be correct, I suspect the enemy will not be content merely to hold and harvest the Shenandoah Valley, but will push further north after they have cleaned that district. It is not safe, however, to make any predictions yet, either as to the number or intention of the rebels. The tendency always is in such times to overestimate.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.

The news from the new raid continues suspiciously scanty. It is a consoling circumstance, however, that we have few or no panic-stricken stories from fugitive borderers. There can't be much of an invasion, or we should have heard from these people some time ago.

LOCKING UP THE WINE.—Alexander, fourth Earl of Kellie, was rather a hard liver. He married Anne, daughter of the third Earl of Balcarras, and, in the first confidence of married love, intrusted to her keeping the key of the wine cellar. Lady Kellie, on the first occasion that he invited his boon companions to dinner and drink, gave out as much wine as she thought good for them, and walked quietly up to Carnee with the key of the wine-cellar in her pocket, to talk her four hours with the minister's wife. The party soon discussed the modicum she had left out for their consumption; and on his lordship sending for more, he learned how matters stood. He had the cellar-door forced forthwith from its hinges, and desired the servant to take it to the manse, with his compliments to her ladyship, and, if she asked any questions, to say "that it was the cellar-door come to look for the key."

THIEVISH ROBINS.—A correspondent of the Circular, Oneida, N. Y., says:

Yesterday some of our boys, in high glee, brought into my room an astounding conglomeration of sticks, straws, mud and—*ladies' collars!* This I soon made out to be a robin's nest. The collars—light strips of lace, crochet work and plain linen—were woven into the body of the nest into all sorts of tangles, and hung around it like beggars' streamers. Our young ladies and some of the older ones have missed their collars lately at a wonderful rate, and were beginning to think that thieves were about. And behold! an industrious robin had built her house of them! The boys saw the robin carrying one off from the grass-plot where they were drying, followed her and found twenty-nine of the missing collars woven into one nest.

A PRACTICAL SOLDIER.—A Christian Commission brother was congratulating a wounded man upon the fact that he owed the salvation of his life to a pocket Testament, which happily intervened between a rebel bullet and his short ribs. He promised to give the soldier another Testament, and hoped it would be instrumental in saving not only his life but his soul. His remarks were overheard by a New Yorker, who was suffering from a slight but smarting wound in the side, and expressed himself as follows:—"Look here, partner, if it had not been for a euchre deck, I don't know where I'd have been. It didn't hurt me much, but it knocked the ace of spades and king of hearts higher than a kite. Can't you get a feller a new pack?"

GUERRILLA OUTRAGE.—We learn from a reliable source that on Monday night the guerrillas made their appearance in the vicinity of Henderson, and a number of women, or men dressed in women's clothes, went to the house of a man named Hildebrand, an honest, peaceable, hard-working German, and demanded supper, after obtaining which they proceeded to break up everything destructible about the place.

TO RENDER THE TASTE OF MEDICINE PALATABLE.—It has been ascertained by M. Graw that the intensely bitter and nauseous taste of many drugs may be completely disguised by mixing them with chloroform. It is claimed that even the bitter taste of quinia and the peculiar odor of assafœtida can be thus destroyed.

☞Guerrillas are said to be very thick and daring in Anderson county, Missouri.

The Removal of Johnston and the Appointment of Hood.

[From the Richmond Sentinel, July 21.]

The very few instances in which the President has exercised the power of removal, and the known notorious incompetency of the officers heretofore removed by him, should go far to satisfy every one that nothing but the most urgent State necessity has compelled him to relieve General Johnston of his command. The fewness of removals, considered in connection with the success of our arms, shows that the President is a good judge of military merit and ability, makes good appointments, and has seldom reason to repent his selection. We believe that where he has acted solely on the dictates of his own judgment he has made no mistakes; but much deference is due to the opinions and wishes of large bodies of the people, not because they are the best judges of military worth and efficiency, but because it is sometimes better to do a wrong, and satisfy the people, than to do right and disoblige them. The President has had ample opportunity to test the military worth of Johnston; those who condemn the removal have had comparatively none; and no matter what had been their opportunities, they know nothing about military affairs or the qualifications of military men.

We all voted for the President as our ruler because we thought him best fitted to command, and we to obey. We who selected him to drive the car of State should not now perplex and embarrass him by seizing hold of the reins ourselves. Nothing is more dangerous than for a nervous, scary rider to seize hold of the reins when the horse threatens to kick or run off.

Republican Government is a monstrous and absurd failure if the people have no faith in the men they select for office, and find it necessary to dictate to and rule their rulers. All the attempts to dictate measures and make appointments for the President proceed from an ignorant, reckless and corrupt spirit of demagogueism. In the beginning of the war it was exhibited in a perfect tornado of anger with the President, because he preferred making appointments of men as officers who had military knowledge and qualifications, rather than of those who knew nothing about military affairs—and who were too old to learn anything about them—for the favorites with the ignorant demagogues, who abused West Point and the President, were stump orators over fifty. Time has since amply proved that West Pointers—men who have learned the science of war at school and its practice in camp—are best fitted to command large armies. Old stump orators may stumble into victories, but they will generally fail; and it is almost treasonable to place them in command when their failures may do serious harm.

The people have seen enough of Johnston's retreats to satiety them that, if let alone by the Government, he had no idea of making a stand this side the Gulf of Mexico. If he could not hold the strong position of Kenesaw Mountain, much less would he have held the weak one about Atlanta. The people do not generally know that all the while that Johnston has been retreating before Sherman he has had an army approaching nearer in numbers to that of his adversary than Lee ever had when he has won his great victories. Indeed, at Dalton, and ever since he left there, his army has been large enough to justify and render it his duty to deliver battle.

The Whig makes a new issue. The ground of its complaint is not the removal of Johnston, but the preference which, it supposes, was given to Hood over Hardee. Does the Whig know whether Hardee would have accepted the appointment? In fact, Hardee had been tendered and had refused the command of the army of the Tennessee.

Be this as it may, the President, after anxious consultation with the best military authorities, concluded to appoint Hood. No man in the Confederacy was so much interested in retaining Johnston in command, if he were likely to win a victory, as the President. No man had so good an opportunity to form a correct opinion of his merits. He came, under these circumstances, to the deliberate conclusion that Johnston was unfit to command, and removed him. If there be any error in the case it is that the removal was not made long ago. Lincoln delights in taking off heads as much as the King of Dahomey or the Emperor of Hayti. President Davis has a nice sense of honor, sets a high value on reputation and removes none but the notoriously incompetent.

It is because he is so reluctant to remove officers that he is cautious and fastidious in selecting and appointing them. We believe the appointment of General Hood a good one, not only from what we know of his past history, but because he has been selected by the President, who seems to be an admirable judge of the relative merits of men, and finds no occasion to repent to-day for the appointments made yesterday.

The Attempt by Rebel Emissaries to Rob the Calais Bank, Maine.

[From the St. Croix Herald.]

Monday was a day of excitement in our city. It was known for several days previous that a raid of some kind was in contemplation by rebel roughs who had recently left St. John, and by means of the vigilant efforts of our Consul in that city, the people here were enabled to prepare a suitable reception for the invaders. It was known that the bank would be assailed first. A portion of Capt. Flint's company of State Guards was detailed for service. Pickets were stationed at different points to give the alarm. At about 12 o'clock the robbers went to the bank, and while their leader pretended that he wanted to exchange some gold for greenbacks, it was noticed that his hand glided suspiciously towards a revolver in his side pocket. The cashier immediately gave the alarm, the guards rushed in, seized the three men and escorted them in triumph to the Municipal Court room. The excitement was intense. There were good grounds for believing the robbers had accomplices in the vicinity, and the State Guards and citizens were soon on hand in a body to repel any invasion or depredation.

The prisoners were somewhat chapfallen at first, but soon put on very defiant airs, claiming that if their twenty-five associates had been on hand as expected, they would not only have robbed the bank, but have committed other depredations and burned the city. The ringleader had a Confederate flag in his pocket, which he said he intended to hoist on the hights near the city. This flag was captured by Capt. W. B. Taylor. It was new, and if manufactured in Dixie, has been well preserved. A large crowd of people collected in the vicinity, and there was a strong disposition to deal summarily with the offenders, for it is well known that they were ready for plunder, fire or murder in order to accomplish their infamous designs.

In the afternoon, the prisoners were examined before Judge Corford. A letter was found on one of them wherein the raiders, under fictitious names, state that they are escaped prisoners; that they are bent upon having money, and they had prepared a receipt to be left at the bank for the money they intended to take, but did not. In that letter they said: "Thank your stars that other men did not come up, or your town would have been burned." William Collins, the ringleader, is a tall, keen-eyed man, with a countenance indicative of treachery and baseness. He claims to be a captain in the Fifteenth Mississippi, but was recognized here yesterday by a St. John man, who states that Collins has been in St. John for some months; that he was born near Loch Lomond, and that he has often worn a rebel uniform of late. The two other prisoners gave their names as Jones and Phillips. The former said he belonged to the First Missouri regiment, and that his wife and child were murdered by the Union men under Jim Lane. He had a youthful look, and his statement is probably as unreliable as that of his associate in villainy, neither of whom has, it is believed, ever been in the rebel service.

The testimony of the three prisoners established the fact that they were determined upon plunder, pillage and robbery, to be carried out on a large scale, if their associates had joined them; and, as Collins remarked in his evidence, they were determined to accomplish their purpose, "peaceably if they could, but forcibly if they must." The prisoner, who gave his name as Phillips, said he had been promised a chance to go on a piratical craft. Collins, when asked, said he could not produce his commission as a Confederate officer. The prisoners were ordered to recognize in the sum of $20,000. They were sent to Machias jail under a strong guard, where they arrived at half-past three o'clock this morning. When they were taken from the court room much indignation was manifested outside, and many evinced a disposition to deal summarily with them. There is no doubt that the prisoners intended to murder the cashier, and this supposition is strengthened by their own evidence. Rumors were rife last evening that a large number of raiders from St. John and vicinity (of whom the three prisoners were the advance guard) intended making a descent upon the city by water. Orders were received from the Adjutant General at Augusta to detail fifty men belonging to the State Guards here for service night and day. This order is now in force. Our city again wears a martial aspect. The remaining invaders will meet with a warm reception.

☞Semmes' "Tale" is published in London—he has turned it often enough.
[Boston Post.

Virginia "Blue Laws," 1663.

The Boston Transcript of Friday contains the following communication:

We have all heard more or less of the "Blue Laws" of Connecticut and of the "Black Code" of the South. But I did not know till since the present war commenced that any such religio legal enactments had ever been made by the Southern chivalry of the Ditch land, as we have understood by this term of "Blue Laws." Some two years since, a soldier of the Potomac army, on entering the courthouse in Warrick county, Va., found the old records of the court, which he forthwith confiscated and sent to me two pages, from which the following items are copied.

The paper is quite thick, and measures 16 by 10 inches. The chirography is peculiar, and there are twenty-six entries of decisions made by that court, under the date of October 21, 1663. This MS. is interesting, not only from its remote antiquity, but also on account of the information which it gives us as to the religious and legal manners of our Southern neighbors two hundred years ago. Witness the following:

"Mr. John Harlow and Alice, his wife, being by the grand inquest presented for absenting themselves from church, are, according to the act, fined each of them fifty pounds of tobacco, and the said Mr. John Harlow ordered forthwith to pay one hundred pounds of tobacco to the sheriff otherwise the said sheriff to levy by way of distress."

"Jane Harde, the wife of Henry Harde, being presented for not 'tending church, is according to act fined fifty pounds of tobacco, and the sheriff is ordered to collect the same from her, and, in case of non payment, to distress."

"John Lewis, his wife this day refusing to take the oath of allegiance being ordered her, is committed into the sheriff's custody, to remain until she take the said oath, or until further ordered to the contrary."

"John Lewis, his wife for absenting herself from church, is fined fifty pounds of tobacco, to be collected by the sheriff from her husband, and, upon non-payment, the said sheriff to distress."

"Robert Reynolds, being presented for absenting himself from church, and summoned by the sheriff, at this court to make his appearance, and appearing not, is fined for both offenses one hundred and fifty pounds of tobacco, to be levied by the sheriff by way of distress, upon his non payment thereof."

"George Harwood, being presented for his absenting himself from church, is fined fifty pounds of tobacco, to be levied by way of distress by the sheriff upon his non-payment thereof."

"Peter White and his wife, being presented for common swearing, are fined fifty pounds of tobacco, both of them, to be collected by the sheriff from the said White, and upon his non-payment of the same to distress."

"Richard Ring, being presented as a common swearer, is fined fifty pounds of tobacco, to be levied by the sheriff, by way of distress, upon his non payment."

From all I can learn, there was but one "church" in Virginia in 1663, and that was the English, or what is now called the Protestant Episcopal Church; and it was for non attendance on this church that the fine of fifty pound of tobacco was inflicted by the Old Dominion two hundred years ago; and the chivalrous descendants of the race that passed those laws in Virginia have been the men, in later times, to taunt us with the memory of "blue laws," as if none such had ever been enacted except by the Yankees.

This record speaks of no fine imposed by the Virginia Court except on "tobacco," and from which we learn that this weed was not only a staple commodity at that early period of our country, but it was so much so that it became a substitute for currency.

This ancient record, thus brought to light by the fortunes of war, seems to me of some historical value, and accordingly I have deposited it for safe-keeping in the archives of the New England Historical and Genealogical Society, 13 Bloomfield street, Boston.

LE ROY SUNDERLAND.

Boston, July 19, 1864.

LIFE IN THE TRENCHES.—A Petersburg correspondent of the Philadelphia Press writes as follows:

Humboldt once said that the most exciting life that one could lead would be to cross from peak to peak of the Alps on a *corde elastique*, and keep it up from day to day. That, indeed, would be a dangerous mode of life, but I question whether it would be more exciting than that which is every day experienced by our gallant boys in the rifle pits. They take their position in the darkness of the night, when the keen eye of the rebel cannot pierce through the mists between the lines. The enemy raise their heads above their works, but cannot see nor hear anything save the occasional sound of a rifle. Our men peer over the breastwork, but cannot see a living thing. This is the hour for stationing men in the trenches.

Both rebels and Federals, covered by the thick darkness that vails them, are, for the moment, comparatively friendly—not of their own wish, but made so by the interposition of Nature. Silently and cautiously our men move down to their positions, each one is stationed where the judgment of his commanding officer sees proper to place him, and he accordingly at once makes himself at home.

The hole, perhaps, is not enough to comfortably accommodate him. Taking out his cooking utensils, he begins with his spoon to loosen the earth around his body, and then with his stew pan shovels it out and throws it upon the top of his breastwork. He works for himself a friendly orifice to screen him from any desultory shell that might wish to disturb his new home. This he excavates at a declining angle of forty-five degrees; when this is finished the officers give him his orders, and all are commanded to do their duty. Every one is in his position, and now he is left all alone. A thick ridge of earth, running at right angles to the breastwork, forbids a glance at his neighbor, but he can talk, and be heard with distinctness. He expects a hot day, and accordingly raises above his head a small sheet of shelter tent for protection; the gray dawn of early morning has given the enemy "a sight," and a bullet whistles near his head, reminding him that he must beware of exposure. Working with more cautiousness, he arranges his shade cover, and is glorying in his constructive ability, from the exercise of which he expects some little comfort, when another bullet, with terrible precision, cuts the cord which bound the tent to the stake, and it falls to the earth. That was a plunge shot, and he knows that one of those deadly sharpshooters is watching his movements from the cover of some near tree. To more fully impress his mind of this supposition, he raises his cap gently above the work; in a second of time a bullet from the same direction striking it, sends it spinning on its axis.

Day has now been ushered in, and it behooves him to beware of his situation, and not expose himself to the unerring aim of the enemy's rifle. The sun powers down with the most deadly heat. Still he cannot move; he must lie watching his opportunity to lessen the number of his country's foe. Soon he summons up his courage, which the sun, more than the enemy, had well nigh driven from him, and he creeps towards the opening of his rifle-pit. Then comes an event which, in one case at least, actually occurred. He spies a rebel cautiously pushing his way from tree to tree; his movements betray his purpose, which is to ascend a tall pine that commands a view of our lines. He gains the tree, and upon the opposite side he proceeds cautiously to raise himself. Just as he reaches a cross-bough of the pine and is about to move out upon it, the Union boy sees his exposure, and his only opportunity to take advantage, pulls his trigger, and the gaunt rebel falls headlong from that limb dead upon the ground below. And there lays the body until the shades of night give opportunity for its removal. Towards that point at dusk are aimed a score of rifles, and at different hours throughout the night volleys are fired in its direction. Perhaps the morning light will reveal the dead bodies of a score of rebels who had attempted to bring in the form of their departed comrade. So go the days, so the nights, of those in trenches—a life full of danger and crowded with incidents.

"GIVING A TOUCH."—Sir Gregory Way described to us most picturesquely, said Mr. Wilberforce, the particulars of an attack of the French on a part of our army in the course of the Spanish war. "Our own people," said he, "were upon an eminence. Wellington was there. The French made up their minds to attack. A column of twelve or fourteen thousand men—their music playing and their arms glittering in the sun—approached and pushed up the eminence.

"It was one of the grandest sights possible to a soldier's eye. Wellington allowed them to approach so near that we felt uneasy—we all watched his eye. He just then called out, 'Come, can't you give them a touch?' Our men rushed forward—they had the advantage of the ground. The French were broken in a moment. Our attack was like a stream of lava from the mountains, overwhelming all that opposed it."

☞A Collinsville (Conn.) man, who a few years ago wrote a very strongly reprehensive article on tobacco raising, condemning it as an immorality, has now an acre and a half of tobacco growing in a thrifty way that attests careful and enlightened culture.

[Spring. Republican.

Daily Democrat.

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W. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1864.

NOTICE TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Democrat delivered by carriers throughout the city will hereafter be at the rate of twenty-five cents per week, including the Sunday paper.

Important Notice.

Owing to the increased expense of every article used in the printing business, and an advance of twenty-five per cent. on the expense of composition, we are compelled to increase the cost of the Daily Democrat. Hereafter the Daily, by mail, will be one dollar per month, or six dollars for six months, or ten dollars per year—always in advance.

CITY NEWS.

LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT JOB OFFICE.—We are now prepared to do all kinds of job printing, plain and in colors, at prices to suit the times and at the shortest notice.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS—*Thursday, July 28.*—John McKay, drunkenness and disorderly conduct; fined $5.

F. Geran, drunkenness and abuse of family, and peace warrant by Geran against his wife; bond in $200 to keep the peace towards each other for twelve months.

Charles Williams, charged with an assault and battery on James Wells and Ann Brown; $100 to answer an indictment, and $200 for future good conduct.

John Tate, drunkenness and abuse of family; $200 for three months.

Ann Brown, disorderly conduct; security in $200 for six months good behavior.

Emma Smith, f. w. c., disorderly conduct; $100 for three months.

S. D. White, drunkenness; fined $8.

A peace warrant disposed of.

John Adams, dead drunk; bail in $200 for three months.

Case from Tuesday against Dr. L. Lenville, James Dennis, and Chas. Hayden; discharged.

Nellie Reeder, charged with arson; held in $300 to answer.

Henry, a slave of Wm. Buckner, hiring out his own time; sent to the workhouse.

John, alias Pat. Malone, Mike Manning, and Thomas Smith, feloniously stealing article of furniture belonging to Ann Kane; $100 to answer misdemeanor.

David Whitman, f. m. c., aiding slaves to escape from their owners; continued.

Marsh. Merritt, feloniously stealing $13 from M. Kean; continued.

BARRACKS NEWS.—Yesterday was an exceedingly dull day at the barracks. The receipts were fourteen convalescents from various points, sixteen men from Brown Hospital, twenty-six convalescents and one man from Jefferson Hospital, and seven desperate characters from St. Louis, who are to be tried before court martial. Their names are Frank Roe and George H. Johnston, company L, Fourth Missouri; J. P. Knowles, company K, Forty first Illinois; Henry Megher, company K, Seventieth Indiana; Frank Brown, company B, One Hundred and Twenty third Illinois; John Blastom, company C, Eighteenth Missouri, and Hiram Herte, company G, Third Missouri. The transfers were one hundred and twenty seven convalescents to different points, eight convalescents to Hartford, Conn., to be mustered out of the service, five prisoners sent to Nashville, and one guerrilla sent to Bowlinggreen under sentence of death.

A WOMAN IN MAN'S CLOTHING.—Yesterday a woman, who gave her name as Kate Brien, was arrested at the Louisville and Nashville depot, dressed in the uniform of a soldier. She stated that she was on her way to the front to join the army, and that she had a brother in the Fifth Ohio. She also stated that she had four other brothers in the naval service, and that it was her earnest desire to enlist in the army, and share the trials and privations of an active campaign with those she loved. Miss Kate is a young girl, not over fifteen or sixteen years of age, and is of very prepossessing appearance. She will be returned to her home in St. Louis.

ARRESTED FOR RUNNING OFF SLAVES.—Yesterday, B. F. Linpeller, a white man, and Samuel Denny, a free negro, were arrested upon a charge of running off negroes, the slaves of different persons of this county. Within the last few months the citizens of this State have suffered severely from this species of robbery, which has evidently been carried on by a regularly organized band, consisting of white persons and negroes, both free and slave. These parties, who were arrested by the military authorities, were sent to the barracks, where they will be confined until their case can be fully investigated.

DAN CASTELLO'S CIRCUS.—The great show of Dan Castello having met with unparalleled success at Cincinnati, will return to our city and give three performances, commencing on next Tuesday night. This is one of the best shows that travels, as those who saw the company before will testify. The celebrated trained horse Czar is one of the finest animals ever introduced in the arena. The Conklin Brothers are unsurpassed; while Johnson, as an equestrian, is admired by all. Remember that this great show commences in our city on Tuesday evening.

☞ We learn that the Two-Mile House, on the Bardstown Pike, was yesterday closed by the military authorities, and the entire stock of liquors confiscated. The proprietor, Mr. Baldwin, was arrested and placed in the military prison. We understand that for some time past soldiers have been in the habit of going to this house and procuring liquors.

DR. GILFIN NOT DEAD.—The rumor which we published in the Democrat yesterday, regarding the death of Dr. Gilpin, turns out to be erroneous. The Doctor, we are happy to inform our readers, is alive and enjoying fine health.

☞ Mark Gilpin, who keeps a barroom on the wharf, between Fifth and Sixth streets, was arrested yesterday for selling liquor to soldiers. His house was closed and his entire stock of liquors, which was small, confiscated.

☞ Mr. Gibson Mallory was not a member of the House of Representatives, as stated in yesterday's paper, but Senator from this county. He was elected to that position last August.

☞ The regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Trustees will be held at the Council Chamber next Monday evening.

☞ The train from Nashville arrived on time last evening. There was nothing of interest transpiring along the line.

☞ Yesterday was an exceedingly dull day, with but little of interest transpiring in either civil or military circles.

☞ W. H. Ehrich has our thanks for Cincinnati papers in advance of the mails.

☞ When you want job printing come to the Democrat Office, see samples and leave your orders.

WARNING.

We will prosecute any one buying old copies of the Democrat or News from any one except at the desk.

Important to News Dealers.

We understand that General Sherman has issued an order by which any person who desires to can sell papers at the front, thus destroying the monopoly which has so long inconvenienced the army, and deprived it of a full supply of papers.

Persons can procure any number of papers at this office at the usual rate of three dollars per hundred; postage added, if by mail.

MEETING OF THE COUNCIL LAST NIGHT.

The Democrat and Journal Elected City Printers.

Other Interesting Matters.

Pursuant to adjournment on the evening of the 14th, the City Council met at the usual hour last night, and as the President, W. F. Barrett, was absent, T. C. Tucker was called to the chair. A message from the Mayor was read, vetoing the resolution passed at the last meeting of the Council, allowing persons money for back taxes over paid. The message was adopted.

Several other messages from the Mayor were received, which were approved.

Captain Jessel sent in his resignation as Salt Inspector, which was referred.

A petition was received from the street hands, desiring an advance of their wages, in view of the depreciation of the currency and the advance of all articles necessary for life. They asked that the wages be advanced to $2 for scrapers, shovelers, etc., and carts $5 per day, which is an advance of less than fifteen per cent. The petition was adopted, and the extra wages granted.

Several ordinances were passed for the improvement of streets, in both the Western and Eastern Districts.

A resolution was passed that the Council, at half-past nine o'clock Thursday night, go into joint session for the election of City Printers and eight additional supernumerary policemen, which were provided for by an ordinance lately passed.

An ordinance was offered appropriating $80,000 for the payment of old liabilities; for the payment of sewers already contracted, $15,000; for the sewering and drainage of Beargrass, $15,000; for the bowldering of Eighth and Ninth streets from Market to Broadway, $19,000; and for the bowldering of Eighth and Ninth streets, from Market to Broadway, $19,000; and for the bowldering of Second and Third streets, from the river to Market street, $19,000.

The second section of the ordinance provides that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund be authorized to sell 711 shares of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, belonging to the city, and the appropriation of $16,798, due to the city on dividends, to the payment of all dues on the above work as they shall fall due. This ordinance was discussed at some length. The hour for joint session having arrived, the discussion of this matter was suspended for the present.

JOINT SESSION.

In accordance with the resolution, the Council assembled in joint session for the election of City Printers and eight supernumerary policemen.

The first thing in order was the election of City Printers. The following papers were put in nomination: Democrat, Journal, Anzeiger, and Union Press. On the first ballot the Democrat received 20 votes, the Journal 11, the Anzeiger 8, and the Press 3. The Democrat was declared elected.

No other paper having received a majority of the votes, a second ballot was taken, with the following result: Journal, 13; Anzeiger, 11; Press, 2.

There being no election on this ballot, the Council proceeded to a third ballot, which resulted as follows: Journal, 13; Anzeiger, 12; Press, 1.

There was no election on this ballot, and according to resolution, the Press being the least, was dropped. The following was the result of the fourth ballot: Journal, 14; Anzeiger, 12. The Democrat and Journal were then declared duly elected City Printers for the ensuing year.

Upon motion, the joint session arose without going into an election for the Supernumerary Police.

After the joint session, the previous ordinance was taken up and passed, by a vote of 17 to none.

The ordinance for the election of eight Supernumerary Policemen was so amended that the election should take place in the month of August instead of July.

A communication from the Mayor was read in regard to the restrictions on the trade of the city.

A resolution was passed, that a committee of citizens be appointed to wait upon Major General Burbridge and Brigadier General Ewing, and petition them to use their best efforts and endeavors to have said order modified or revoked.

The following committee was appointed: James Guthrie, W. B. Belknap, Arthur Peter, James Speed, Henry Dent, Mayor Kaye and W. F. Barrett, President of the Board of Common Council.

A resolution was passed appointing a committee of two from the lower and one from the upper Board, to purchase another steam engine, to be stationed in the central portion of the city. Messrs. Downing and Hubbard were appointed from the lower Board. No appointment was made from the Board of Aldermen.

A resolution passed the Board of Aldermen to increase the pay of the quarrymen at the workhouse to $2 75 per day, and also to increase the pay of the keeper of the workhouse $50 per year.

Without transacting other business of importance, the Council adjourned to meet again Thursday night, August 11th.

REBEL PRISONERS ESCAPED.—We learn that Capt. J. Jewett, privates C. P. Lewis, John Edwards, and J. P. Bates, who had been sent to Lexington for trial, made their escape from the prison there, a few days ago, since which time they have not been heard from. The notorious swindler, Lieut. Col. Hamilton, endeavored to escape while being conveyed from there to Camp Nelson, by jumping from the cars. He was shot and killed.

CHIEF JUSTICE DUVAL.—This eminent jurist and accomplished gentleman, an ornament to the appellate bench, and the pride of the Kentucky bar, will be re-elected on next Monday by an overwhelming majority. There will doubtless be some secret and false reports gotten up on the day of the election to defeat him, but the people will not listen to them. They are determined to elect him.

☞ Yesterday a little boy not over eight years of age, was arrested upon the charge of robbing another boy of forty odd dollars. Owing to the extreme youth of the boy he was released, as the stolen money was recovered.

☞ The train from Nashville last evening brought four hundred and forty-four prisoners of war, who were lately captured by General Sherman. They were sent to the military prison.

PERSONAL.—Adjt. Gen. Lorenzo Thomas, Major-General Burbridge, Brigadier General Ransom and Brigadier-General Veatch are in the city and stopping at the Louisville Hotel.

OPERATIONS OF GUERRILLAS.

Shelbyville Stage Captured—Other Depredations.

The guerrillas in this neighborhood are becoming bolder and bolder each day, until at last parties of four or five will advance to points within a few miles of the city, where they have committed the most daring robberies, and yet have succeeded in making their escape. The stage, on its last trip from this place to Shelbyville, arrived without interruption at Simpsonville. At that point a party of four men made an attack upon the stage, in which there were three ladies, one of whom was so badly frightened that her life is despaired of. The robbers, after taking possession of the stage, tore open the mail bags and carried off a large quantity of mail matter, but offered no indignities to the passengers. After leaving Simpsonville, they proceeded to Willich's stable, two miles from that place, and stole therefrom two fine horses belonging to the stage company.

After leaving there they proceeded to the little town of Boston, where they robbed a number of stores. They then went to the tollgate nearest that point, and waking up the gate keeper, demanded of him what money he had. Seeing that he was entirely at the mercy of the robbers, he turned over to them what money he had, some $4,800.

They next proceeded to the little town of Long Run; but in the meantime their number had increased some ten or twelve; as soon as they entered that place they commenced a wholesale species of robbery. The store of J. P. Malone was broken open, and the cash drawer robbed of what it had, and a large quantity of goods were also taken. Other stores in the same town were entered and robbed of various articles. The party then paid a visit to the postoffice, broke open what letters were in the office, and carried off all stamps and envelopes in the building. They then informed the postmaster that they would return in a few days, and if they found any more stamps or government envelopes there they would execute him and destroy his house.

After leaving the Long Run they went to the first toll gate, and robbed the keeper of the gate of what money he had, $11, besides his pistol and shot-gun. From the neighborhood of this place they stole some five or six horses.

When they left this place they stated that they were going to Fisherville, and moved off in that direction. It is not known to what band these men belonged, but our informant thinks that they are a portion of Jesse's "Gallant Three Hundred." We have heard of several other raids of guerrillas, but they could be traced to no reliable source.

LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT JOB OFFICE.—We are now prepared to do all kinds of job printing, plain and in colors, at prices to suit the times and at the shortest notice.

ARKANSAS RIVER.—The Confederate forces in the vicinity of Pine Bluff, says the Memphis Argus of the 24th, recently attacked that point, repeating again and again their endeavor to capture it, but without avail. Failing in that, they annoyed and worried the garrison, to enable them to cross men to the other side of the river below. They succeeded in getting 1,400 men over before their operations were checked. It is a mistake that the enemy had saved the steamer New Igo to use her as a ferry-boat. She was burnt, as a scouting party sent down to examine found the remains of the boat. The rebels had crossed in a flat-boat. Among ten prisoners taken by the Union forces in the various skirmishes, we find the names of Henry Halliburton, son of Judge Halliburton, of Arkansas county, and Jordan Embree, formerly of the Arkansas State Senate.

☞ Lieutenant General John B. Hood, the successor of Joe Johnston, is a native of Kentucky, and graduated at West Point in 1853, though without special marks of honor. On his graduation he was assigned as brevet Second Lieutenant to the Fourth infantry. In 1855 he was transferred to the Second cavalry, with a detachment of which he had a gallant conflict with a body of Camanche and Lipan Indians near the head of the San Pedro river, Texas, in July, 1857. In this affair he was wounded. The next year he was promoted to be First Lieutenant. He resigned his commission in April, 1861, and was appointed a Brigadier General in the Southern army. For a long time he served in Lee's army, and, on being promoted Major General, was assigned to command the Third division of Longstreet's corps.

☞ When you want job printing come to the Democrat Office, see samples and leave your orders.

"LOUISVILLE, July 27.

"Early this morning six guerrillas captured Captain George W. Womack, Provost Marshal of Louisville, and his clerk, near the residence of the former, at Middletown, twelve miles from here. The guerrillas administered some sort of an oath on behalf of the Southern Confederacy, and then released their prisoners."

The above we clip from the Associate Press report in the Cincinnati papers. It is true Capt. Womack was captured, but he did not take the oath as stated. Capt. W. will prepare a statement of the facts, which we will publish.

A NOTORIOUS GUERRILLA KILLED.—We are informed that Capt. Blackburn, of Stokes' cavalry, having heard that Pomp. Currey, a noted guerrille, was near Short Mountain, left Liberty, DeKalb county, Tennessee, Monday night, with a detachment of his command, and on Tuesday succeeded in bringing his game to bay. Currey and five of his men were killed, and their bodies brought to Liberty. Currey is the person who broke up the election at Smithville last March.

☞ The Evansville Journal learns from a reliable source, that on Monday night the guerrillas made their appearance in the vicinity of Henderson, and a number of women, or men dressed in women's clothes, went to the house of a man named Hildebrand, an honest, peaceable, hardworking German, and demanded supper, after obtaining which they proceeded to break up everything destructible about the place.

☞ Captain Kesteneon, commander of a company of guerrillas, and severely wounded, and captured near Columbus, Kentucky, three weeks since, having fully recovered from his wounds, has been tried, and condemned to death. His execution was to have taken place at Paducah, yesterday. There was considerable feeling exhibited by the citizens of Paducah in regard to the matter.

☞ There was a fire in Atlanta, Ga., on the night of the 19th inst., which, the Appeal says, destroyed property to the amount of $500,000. During the progress of the fire, the buildings were pillaged. It was the work of incendiaries.

INQUEST NO. 240.—Held July 27th, 1864, on Green street, near Campbell, on the body of Andy Stuck, aged 46 years. Verdict—"Apoplexy, caused by intemperance."

J. C. GILL, Coroner.

☞ We learn that there is a considerable rebel force in the neighborhood of Jackson, Tenn., but in what direction they intended to move our informant did not say.

☞ The city election takes place next Monday. The principal contest, and the one in which the most interest is manifested, is that of City Marshal.

☞ See advertisement, for sale or exchange. A good bargain can be had by giving immediate attention.

☞ Mr. Charles Taylor has our thanks for St. Louis papers.

LOCAL NOTICES.

☞ Real estate buyers will bear in mind Mr. C. C. Spencer's sale this afternoon of a business house on the corner of Main and Second. Attention is also called to his morning sale, at auction rooms, of furniture, buggy, harness, wagon and cow and calf.

☞ Mr. Mork will continue his auction sale to-day, July 29th, and next week, until everything is sold.

☞ Mrs. H. Washenheimer will hear some welcome news by calling on G. Heinig, (tinner) Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets. jy28 d2*

☞ For diarrhea and dysentery we recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. It is a certain cure. Give it a trial. Soldiers, keep a bottle of it by you.

☞ Ladies can find the latest styles of hats for themselves and children at Green & Green's, corner Main and Fourth. This house has original styles, and always obtain their Eastern goods from the most celebrated houses. d&n

☞ Parents should get Hurley's popular worm candy to give their children when they wish a reliable remedy for worms. We hear it spoken of very highly. je23 d&n

☞ The best *cartes de visite*, gems and baby pictures are made at the Gem Gallery, No. 335 Market street. Cheapest place in the city. Go there. d&n*

J. V. GILBERT, AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 418 MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDE.—I will from this date continue the above business alone, my former partner, Mr. Joseph J. Hanpheff, having withdrawn from the firm. His *honorable* manner of attempting to carry on the business alone (as his advertisements of the 17th, 18th and 19th led many to believe he would) having failed, he has gone into retirement. I am, in consideration of the above facts, forced to continue the business, and am a solicitor for patronage in the above business.

All business intrusted to me will be attended to with promptness and dispatch.

July 21, 1864—j23 7 J. V. GILBERT.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.—Otis & Co.'s wholesale millinery house, at 516 Main street (up stairs), is well supplied with a full line of staple and fancy millinery goods. They have a full line of plain black and fancy edged velvet ribbons, bonnet ribbons, quilled ribbons, laces, head nets, cape nets and trimmed hats, which they sell with as much pleasure as when goods were not advancing so rapidly. jy11 dtf

Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Shorts, Baled Straw, Potatoes, Dried Fruits, Butter and Eggs.

GEORGE R. PATTON,

Grain Dealer and Produce Commission Merchant, No. 120 Fourth street, between Main and the river, Louisville, Kentucky, keeps constantly on hand large supplies of the above articles for sale at the lowest market rates.

MEN'S CLOTHING, at ARMSTRONG'S

YOUTHS' CLOTHING, at ARMSTRONG'S.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, at J. M. ARMSTRONG'S, Fourth and Main, opposite the National.

☞ James R. Day & Co., dealers in fine furniture of all descriptions, on Third street, No. 215, between Market and Main. my15 d3m

☞ Baby buggies, hobby horses, propellers and foot balls—a full assortment at J. Sues'.

☞ Pages of all descriptions at J. Sues'.

A. WHARTON. A. O. BENNETT.

WHARTON & BENNETT,

Wholesale and retail dealers in furniture, Nos. 219 Main and 222 Market street, between Second and Third, Louisville, Ky. fe9 tf

DIED.

On Thursday afternoon, July 28th, at 1½ o'clock, Mrs. JANE KENNEDY, relict of Mathew Kennedy, deceased, in the 71st year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, on Seventh street, between Walnut and Chestnut.

July 28th, MARIAN, infant daughter of Marian Carll and Wm. Craddock.

Carriages will leave the residence of Mrs. Carll at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES—

GOLD AND SILVER.

Interest Paid on Certificate Deposites.

HUGHES & ROBINS, Bankers.
1st d6m No. 318 Main st. bet. Fifth and Sixth

M'KNIGHT & WEBBER,

327 MAIN STREET, 327

Bet. 3d and Fourth, South Side,

ARE IN RECEIPT OF ANOTHER LARGE ASSORTMENT of

Carpets, Oil-Cloths, and House & Steamboat Furnishings,

Which will be sold very low for cash.

R. ATKINSON & CO.,

Tobacco Factors & Commission Merchants,

38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

ADVANCES WILL BE MADE ON SHIPMENTS TO above address, or to Liverpool, by O. W. Thomas & Co. No. 122 West Main st., Louisville no18 d1y

Strayed,

ON THE 19TH INST., FROM MY RESIDENCE, on Twelfth street, between Grayson and Walnut, a Milch Cow, four or five years old. Not having had her long I know of no particular mark on her, further than that she is red, mixed with white hairs, and has short horns, medium size and in good order. Any information that will lead to her recovery will be liberally rewarded at my residence. jy29 d3* JOHN CURRAN.

WANTED.

WANTED, THE ADDRESS OF MISS CATHERINE SWANSON. Address
jy29 d3* JOHN SWANSON, Galt House.

Corn Meal.

270 BBLS JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE low at the "Butter Depot," 307 and 309 Market street. jy29 d3 JOHN J. ELLIS.

A Rare Chance for Investment.

I OFFER FOR SALE TWO VALUABLE TRACTS of Land within the corporate limits of the city. One fronting on the north side of Rowan street, between the center of Twenty-second and Twenty third streets, running back 41 21-40 poles, containing 7 acres, 1 rood and 37 poles.

The other tract, containing 12 and a fraction acres, fronting on the south side of Bank street, in Portland.

Also, a beautiful Broadway building lot, at the southwest corner of Broadway and Preston (or Arthur) streets, fronting on Broadway 187½ feet, running back 200 feet to an alley 20 feet wide. Apply to
THOMAS P. JACOB.
jy29 d3 Southeast corner Market and Third sts.

Fine Residence for Sale.

THE FINEST FAMILY RESIDENCE IN Harrison county, situated in Corydon, the county-seat of said county. A handsome Gothic style house, with seven rooms, basement, kitchen and cellar, built four years ago; a good stable and carriage-house. The house is situated in the center of a handsome three-acre lot, inclosed with a good fence, containing 104 of the choicest fruit trees, and 700 Catawba bearing grapevines.

Corydon has a healthy location, and an excellent situation for a lawyer or doctor. This is the best residence in Harrison county. Will be sold for cash or on time.

For particulars apply to Judge Brown, Court Place, Louisville, Ky., or to Col. W. J. Irvin, corner of Upper Fourth and Market streets, New Albany, Ind. jy29 d6*

To all Whom it May Concern.

ALL PERSONS ARE FOREWARNED NOT TO trade for two notes dated May 16th, 1864, for $100 each, one payable one year after date, the other two years after date, signed by us, and made payable to P. D. Jones, the consideration in part having failed.
MURDOCK & JENNINGS,
jy29 d3* Westport, Oldham county, Ky.

Found.

A TAPE-LINE, WHICH THE OWNER CAN HAVE by paying for this notice. jy29 d1*

For Sale.

FOUR MULES, CARTS, DRAYS AND HARNESS. Inquire at the corner of Fifteenth and Magazine streets. jy29 d3

For Sale.

THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND LEASE OF A GROcery and Confectionery. Good location and doing a good business. Address "C. J. B.," at this office. jy29 d3*

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between C. G. JONES and C. A. GRAVES, in the Wholesale Clothing business, under the firm of C. G. Jones & Co., was dissolved on the 1st of July, by mutual consent, and C. G. Jones is authorized to settle up the business of said firm.
C. G. JONES.
C. A. GRAVES.
Louisville, Ky., July 28th, 1864.—jy29

COPARTNERSHIP.

C. G. JONES AND P. H. TAPP HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership for transacting the Wholesale Clothing and Furnishing Goods business, under the firm style of JONES & TAPP. jy29

C. G. JONES. P. H. TAPP.

JONES & TAPP,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Fine Clothing

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

Sixth street, Louisville, Ky.

WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE MERCHANTS TO give our stock an examination before buying. jy29

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Straw Hats, Linen Hats, Soft Hats, Cloth Hats, Muslin Shirts, Linen Shirts, Woolen Shirts,

—AT—

GREEN & GREEN'S,

Cor. Main and Fourth Sts.,
jy19 d&n LOUISVILLE, KY.

SUBSTITUTES WANTED At This OFFICE.

Discharged Soldiers and others not liable to draft will be paid the highest price to go as substitutes.

Apply at the Democrat Office. jy19 d&ntf

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 27th, 1864.

The undersigned having sustained heavy loss by the large fire on the 1st inst., on Main, between Eighth and Ninth streets, had an insurance on his stock of merchandise in the Girard Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, takes pleasure in stating that his loss was promptly and liberally adjusted and paid WITHOUT DISCOUNT OF INTEREST, by H. H. Timberlake, Esq., Agent for the Company in this city, and am pleased to recommend the Company and Agent to those wishing security against loss by fire, as most deserving of their patronage.

jy29 d6 J. T. S. BROWN.

Soldiers, see to your own Health,

Do not trust to the Army supplies. Cholera, Fever and Bowel Complaint will follow your slightest indiscretion. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT should be in every man's knapsack. The British and French troops use no other medicines.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents and $1 40 per box or pot. jy28 d&wt

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON, N. Y.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally. je18 d6m

C. H. BARKLEY,

No. 430 Jefferson St., bet. Fourth and Fifth,

COLLECTS ALL KINDS OF

Government Claims,

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES AND BACK PAY.

je16 dtf

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 south Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. jy8 d&w3m

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE IS THE *best in the World.* The only *Harmless, True and Reliable* Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is Perfect—changes Red, Rusty or Grey Hair instantly to a *Glossy Black* or *Natural Brown*, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY—81 BARCLAY-ST., N. Y.

Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. mr26 dtf

AUGUST ELECTION.

FOR SHERIFF.

WM. N. ABEL is a candidate for Sheriff, at the ensuing August election. jy6 dtf

W. A. RONALD is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing August election. [Anzeiger copy and charge Democrat.] s9 dte

FOR CITY MARSHAL.

GEO. T. SEATON is a candidate for City Marshal, at the ensuing August election. jy7 dte*

PAT. DILLON is a candidate for City Marshal, at the ensuing August election. je11

H. C. RUSSELL is a candidate for City Marshal at the ensuing August election. my10 dte

FOR MARSHAL OF CITY COURT.

W. H. BOYCE is a candidate for Marshal of City Court. jy18 dte*

FOR SHERIFF—MARION COUNTY.

We are requested to announce JAS. W. TYLER as a candidate for Sheriff of Marion county, Ky., at the ensuing election. jy7 dte

FOR JUDGE OF COURT OF APPEALS.

Judge ALVIN DUVALL is a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of the Court of Appeals in the Second Appellate District. jy4 d&wte

FOR THE LEGISLATURE—HENRY COUNTY.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Please announce me as a candidate for the Legislature to fill the unexpired term of the late J. P. Sparks, of Henry county.
jy27 dte* J. SPIERS.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE—JEFFERSON CO.

FIRST REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT—1st, 2d & 3d WARDS.

MR. HENRY G. VANSEGGERN will be supported for Representative of the First District of Louisville by the
jy27 dte* UNION MEN.

Sutlers

Are reminded that

PRATHER & SMITH,

429 Main Street,

Have a large stock of

Military Hats, Caps, Cords

—AND—

HAT TRIMMINGS,

Which they are closing out either by the case or dozen, at very low prices for cash. jy29

Called Meeting of Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 106, A. Y. M.

THE MEMBERS OF MT. MORIAH LODGE NO. 106, are requested to meet at Masonic Temple, on Friday evening, the 29th inst., at 7½ o'clock.

By order of the W. M.
jy29 JARRETT BULL, Sec'y.

For Sale or Exchange.

I WILL SELL, OR EXCHANGE FOR A house and lot in the city, my residence, six miles from the city, on the Bardstown pike, containing 9 acres of land, with the crop thereon. A good bargain can be had by applying immediately. Call at M. C. Ramsey's Jewelry Store, on Fourth street, and see description.
jy29 d10* WM. CRAWFORD.

MRS. DR. JENNINGS

HAS OPENED AN INTELLIGENCE OFFICE FOR the purpose of supplying housekeepers with competent white female servants. No person need apply but those who can give good references.

Charges reasonable so as to meet the public convenience.

Office 396 First street, between Market and Jefferson. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Sundays excepted. jy29 d6*

NEW ADVERTISE'TS.

ALSOP, BEACH & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

HYDRAULIC CEMENT

No. 124 Fourth st., bet. Main and the River.
ap19 d2dp3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

BEDFORD SPRINGS,

TRIMBLE COUNTY, KY.

THESE SPRINGS ARE NOW OPEN. A FOUR-horse coach is now being run regularly by the proprietors, between Jericho and Bedford, leaving Jericho every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, immediately after the arrival of the morning trains at Jericho (4 o'clock).

THIS ARRANGEMENT CAN BE RELIED ON.

Jericho is on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, 32 miles from Louisville. Bedford is 12 miles from Jericho.

Persons arriving at Jericho at any other time than indicated above, will be furnished with conveyance to Bedford, by Mr. Estis, at the depot.

Gentlemen, with their families at the Springs, can leave Louisville on the Saturday afternoon train, at 4 o'clock, and return on the Monday morning train, at 9 o'clock.

Good hunting and fishing grounds in the vicinity. The ten pin alley is in first rate order.

Prices reasonable—children and servants half price.
jy29 d40 PARKER & SONS.

THE "WEBER" PIANO-FORTE

IS NOW THE BEST PIANO-FORTE MANUFACtured, because the maker is a *thorough musician* and a practical mechanic of long experience, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States, and enabling him to produce an instrument so vastly superior to others. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, I. N. Pattison, Robert Meller, Geo. T. Bristow, Wm. Mason, Carl Anshutz (leader of the German opera), Max Maretzek (leader of the Italian opera), Charles Pradel, John Suedle, C. Jerome Hopkins, and every musician of note in the country.

TRIPP & CRAGG,
Louisville, Ky.,
je28 dtz Sole Agents for the State of Kentucky.

Leaf, Havana and Seed

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT THE TRADE, at Spotts' old stand, on Third street, between Jefferson and Green.
jy29 d6 J. W. LANGLEY.

Glendale Female College.

THE COLLEGIATE YEAR, INCLUDING A PERIOD of forty weeks, is divided into two sessions; the first session commencing on Monday, September 12th, 1864, and the second on Monday, January 30th, 1865.

The charges for boarding, tuition, etc., are very low, considering the present financial state of the country, the ample and elegant accommodations of the Institution, and the high prices paid for teaching, and other expenses.

Applications for admission, or for catalogues, and all letters of inquiry, or on business relating to the Institution, should be addressed to
GLENDALE FEMALE COLLEGE,
jy29 d12 Glendale, Hamilton county, Ohio.

Notice to Water Consumers,

OFFICE LOUISVILLE WATER COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., July 29, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Louisville Water Company, held at their office, on the 27th July, 1864, the following rules of the Company were ordered to be published, viz:

RULE 9. "The use of street sprinklers, or hand hose shall be restricted to four (4) hours in each day; in the morning, between the hours of six and eight o'clock during the whole year; and in the evening, from the 1st March to the 1st September, between the hours of five and seven o'clock, and from the 1st September to the 1st March between the hours of 3½ and 5½ o'clock, and at no other time, day or night, under the penalty of immediately shutting off the supply of water from the premises."

RULE 10. "If the hose box is found out of order, cap off, hose attachments leaking, if converted into jets, suffered to run when not in use, or given into the hands of children to play with, the supply of water will be shut off without previous notice."

RULE 11. "All consumers or subscribers to the use of the water, shall keep their own service pipe, stop-cocks, key-boxes and covers, and other apparatus in good repair, *and shall prevent all* unnecessary waste of water. If the service pipe is found leaking, requiring the water to be shut off for making repairs, and the case to the key-boxes missing, the key-boxes filled with earth, stones, &c., the consumer or subscriber shall defray all extra expense attending the shutting off the water, and have the key-boxes properly repaired before the water shall be again turned on the premises."

RULE 12. "Hereafter no permit will be granted for street sprinklers *alone*, but only in connection with the ordinary supplies for domestic and manufacturing purposes will street sprinklers be allowed. From and after January 1st, 1865, all premises having street sprinklers *only*, will be assessed at the established rates for all purposes for which water is used on the said premises, or else the street sprinkler wholly discontinued."

RULE 13. "In case of violating any of the Water Company's rules regulating the supply and distribution of water, the subscriber or consumer violating or permitting violations of said rules shall have the supply of water shut off without notice, and not turned on again until after the payment of a fine (not to exceed $10), which shall defray all expenses attending the correction of such violation and giving satisfactory assurance that future abuses will not be committed."

The Board have directed that these rules of the Company shall be strictly enforced. It is to be hoped that water consumers will recognize their justice and propriety, and cheerfully conform to them. A person taking a street sprinkler and paying for the use of it has the right to sprinkle one-half the street in front of *his own premises*. He has no right to sprinkle in front of his neighbor; nor has he the right to slush the street and flood the gutters in front of his own premises; nor has he the right to furnish water to his neighbor in either small or large quantities.

A. HARRIS,
President Louisville Water Company.

N. B. Any consumer wishing to use water in greater quantities, or for other purposes than contemplated in his original permit, will be allowed to do so by calling at the office and paying for the same. jy29 deod5

ESTABLISHED 1840.

HAWKINS & THORNTON,

Kentucky Mustard Factors

Great Western Blacking Makers,

—AND DEALERS IN—

WHOLE AND GROUND SPICES.

Nos. 126, 128, 130 and 132 Bullitt st., Louisville, Ky.

PURE COFFEE AND SPICES PACKED IN ANY style to suit purchasers.

Liberal discount to the trade.

The highest cash price paid for Mustard and Flax Seed.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

jy13 deod3mins

TRUSSES, &C.

DR. S. N. MARSH'S celebrated self-adjusting Trusses are the best in use, as they adapt themselves to every motion of the body, and fit the wearer in every position.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.

Dr. S. N. Marsh's Patent Graduating Supporters for the treatment of falling of the womb.

SHOULDER BRACES.

Dr. S. N. Marsh's Shoulder Braces are perfectly elastic, allowing free muscular action, and do not cut under the arm. For sale by RAYMOND & CO.,
je16 deod3mins No. 74 Fourth street.

NOTICE.

THE FIRM, OF NOCK, WICKS & CO. HAVING dissolved copartnership on the 20th July, the undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, 317 Main street, under the firm name and style of NOCK, HALL & CO.

The large stock of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO in all its grades now held by us will be offered at very low rates.

Also, FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, &c., in great variety.

Special attention given to consignments of Tobacco, either Leaf or Manufactured, on which we will make liberal advances.

SAMUEL L. NOCK,
JOHN S. HALL,
A. W. HALL,
jy28 d1m LEVI L. NOCK.

BETHEL COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL begin on the first Monday in September, with the following Faculty:

Rev. Geo. Hunt, A. M., President and Professor of Moral and Mental Science.

James H. Gray, A. M., Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.

E. N. Dicken, A. M., Professor of Languages.

———, * Professor of Natural Science.

Rev. R. W. Morehead, A. M., Principal of Preparatory Department.

R. J. Murphy, Assistant in Preparatory and Librarian.

With the advantages of an extensive and commodious building, a good philosophical and chemical apparatus and a valuable library, the College presents excellent facilities to students desirous of improvement. The great aim of the Faculty will be a high standard of scholarship and a healthful discipline. For particular information address

REV. GEORGE HUNT, Pres't,
jy30 deod3mis* Russellville, Ky.

*To be supplied

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name and style of T & J. F. JEFFERSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. T. Jefferson retires from the firm the remaining partners having purchased his interest in the business.

T. JEFFERSON.
J. F. JEFFERSON,
H. T. JEFFERSON.

Louisville, Ky., July 25, 1864.

Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED into a copartnership under the name and style of Jefferson & Bro. We will continue the Grocery, Produce and Commission business, at the old stand, corner of Brook and Market street. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

J. F. JEFFERSON,
H. T. JEFFERSON.

Louisville, July 25th, 1864.—jy28 d3

Notice.

THE APPROACHING SESSION OF THE KENtucky Legislature being likely to be one of no ordinary importance, and wishing to be efficiently represented in the House of Representatives, in that body, and finding that J. N. WEBB will, if elected, serve the people of Henry county in that body, we now solicit the people of Henry to unite in his support on the first Monday in August next.

MANY CITIZENS OF HENRY.

July 24th, 1864.—jy27 d4*

Notice to Milk Consumers.

THE MILK SELLERS OF THE CITY of Louisville have to notify their customers that in consequence of the continued advance of the prices of all articles used by them, they are compelled to fix the price of Milk at 40 cents per gallon, from the first day of August. jy28 d4&w1*

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF D. BATMAN & BRO. HAS THIS DAY been dissolved, Isaac Batman is authorized to settle the affairs of the firm. Persons having claims against D. Batman & Bro. will present the same to Isaac Batman for payment. Persons owing the firm will please call and settle with Isaac Batman.

July 27, 1864.—jy28 d6

SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

At Auburndale, Mass.

THE FALL AND WINTER TERM OF THIS school, 10 miles from Boston, will commence the 1st Thursday of September. It aims to secure all the advantages of a home and a good education at the same time. Its facilities for these purposes can hardly be surpassed. For particulars address the principal, or make inquiries of Rev. Mr. Haywood, or Hon. James Speed, of Louisville, Ky. REV. J. E. WOODBRIDGE,
jy28 d24 Auburndale, Mass.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLARK'S DISTILLED RESTORATIVE FOR THE HAIR,

RESTORES GRAY AND FADED HAIR AND BEARD TO ITS NATURAL COLOR,

AND IS A MOST LUXURIOUS DRESSING FOR THE HAIR AND HEAD.

CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Restores the Color.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Eradicates Dandruff.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Promotes its Growth.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Prevents its falling off.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is an unequaled Dressing.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is good for Children.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is good for Ladies.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is good for Old People
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is perfectly harmless
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Contains no Oil.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is not a Dye.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Beautifies the Hair
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is splendid for Whiskers
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Keeps the Hair in its Place
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Cures Nervous Headache
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Prevents Eruptions
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Stops Itching and Burning.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Keeps the Head Cool.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is delightfully Perfumed.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Contains no Sediment.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Contains no Gum.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Polishes your Hair.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Prepares you for Parties.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Prepares you for Balls.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE, All Ladies need it.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE, No Lady will do without it.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Costs but $1
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE Is sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere

Price $1 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.

SUIRE, ECKSTEIN & CO., Cincinnati, General Ag'ts
ap26 deod3mins

PEARSON & AIKIN'S

Great Western Premium

SUGAR CANE MILL.

Warranted to give Satisfaction, or Money Returned upon Receipt of the Mill.

WE ARE MANUFACTURING THREE SIZES, BOTH Horizontal and Upright.

Nos. 1 and 2

Are our latest improved Upright Mill, constructed very simple; yet, for ease, capacity and durability, they cannot be excelled.

We manufactured and sold a large number of these Mills last season; all worked well and gave perfect satisfaction.

No. 3

Is the very latest improved Horizontal Mill, which is also simple. It is different from all other mills, and cannot be surpassed for ease and strength.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

For further particulars, or circulars, address us at our Foundery, south side Main street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth. Liberal discount to dealers.

PEARSON & AIKIN,
je17 deodins2m&w3m Louisville, Ky.

SAINT LOUIS Mutual LIFE INSURANCE CO., Of St. Louis, Mo.

Capital Stock, as an original basis $100,000

Assets, July 1st, 1864, - - - $323,056 66.

Dividend {Declared to Policy Holders, January 1, 1864.} 40 pr ct.

☞ The following, showing the entire amount of losses incurred and promptly paid by this company since its organization, January, 1858, gives ample evidence of the care and prudence exercised in the selection of its risks, and its assets also show its complete success, and that Western men and Western institutions are as fully reliable and quite as safe as those of the East or North. We issue Life Policies in all the forms to be obtained in any Company:

LOSSES IN 6½ YEARS ONLY $21,500.

☞ Where is there a Company that can make a better showing?

☞ Dividends to policy holders declared annually on the first of January (this year 40 PER CENT.), besides an ample reserve fund for re-insurance.

DIRECTORS.

JAMES H. LUCAS,
BERNARD PRATTE,
SAMUEL WILLI,
ROBT. M. FUNKHOUSER, Funkhouser & Burnett,
CHAS. H. PECK, President Pilot Knob Iron Co.
ROBT. K. WOODS, Cashier Merchants' Bank,
JULES VALLE, Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
GEO. R ROBINSON, Robinson & Garrard.
CHAS. W. MCCORD, McCord & Co., Machinists.
JOHN T. THORNTON, Thornton & Pierce.
ISAAC H. STURGEON, President North Mo. Railroad.
JOHN HOGAN.
HENRY OVERSTOLZ, Overstolz, Wagner & Co., Lumber Dealers.
NICH. SCHAEFFER, Nicholas Schaeffer & Co., Star Candle Factors.
WILLIAM T. GAY, Gay, Hanenkamp & Edwards.
FRANCIS BEEHLER, Upholsterer.
DAVID KEITH, Keith & Woods, Booksellers and Stationers.
R. P. HANENKAMP, President Bank of St. Louis.
ISAAC W. MITCHELL.
D. A. JANUARY, D. A. January & Co., Grocers and Commission Merchants.
WM. J. LEWIS, Lewis & Bro., Tobacconist.

OFFICERS.

SAMUEL WILLI, President.
JAMES H. LUCAS, Vice-President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, General Agent.
DR. JOHN T. HODGEN, Examining Physician.
LACKLAND, CLINE & JAMISON, Legal advisers.

LOCAL BOARD OF REFERENCE.

H. D. NEWCOMB & CO.
HUNT, MORTON & CO.
NOCK, WICKS & CO.
STURGEON, CLEMENTS & CO.
JAMES TRABUE & CO.
J. VON BORRIES & CO.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

DR. LEWIS ROGERS. DR. JOHN THURSTON.

L. I. JENNINGS, M.D., Special Agent.

Louisville Agent's Office No. 12 New Bank Building, corner Main and Sixth streets, Louisville, Ky. jy7 d t

SYRUP.—
50 bbls Golden Syrup;
150 half bbls Golden Syrup;
100 kegs do do; in store and for sale by
jy28 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

Attention, Dealers.

1,000,000 CIGARS, CHOICE BRANDS, for sale to the trade at the old prices. Also, constantly on hand, a fine lot of manufactured Tobacco, Big Lig, Fine Cut Chewing, in foil and bulk. A variety of Pipes, &c.

All orders promptly filled.

NICHOLAS LEMOS, 334 Main street,
je30 d3mins north side, bet. Third and Fourth.

AMUSEMENTS.

Return of

DAN. CASTELLO'S CIRCUS.

FOR THREE DAYS.

New Faces will appear.

Under the Direction of LEVI J. NORTH.

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, 2D, 3D AND 4TH AUGUST.

THE COMPANY COMPRISES A NUMBER OF ARTists not surpassed by any other company now travelling, will exhibit on the corner of Second and Grey streets, afternoon and evening.

Admission 50 cents; Children 25 cents.

Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock; Performance to commence at 2 and 8 o'clock.

A. W. PELL, Agent.
J. BENSON, Assistant.
DR. G. A. KANE, Correspondent. jy28 d8

BALL.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INformed that a GRAND BALL will be given at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, on

Friday Evening, July 29th, 1864,

for the benefit of Mrs. Hoskins.

MANAGERS.

John Hoston, Charles Calhoon,
Alonzo Brown, John Rhodes.

☞Tickets—ONE DOLLAR. jy28 d5

Woodlawn Race Course, LOUISVILLE, KY.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 15, 1864.

REGULAR RUNNING MEETING FOR THE FALL of 1864 will commence on

Monday, October 10th, 1864,

And continue six days.

FIRST RACE.

We, the subscribers, agree to run a Sweepstake, mile heats, Colts and Fillies, 3 years old, over the Woodlawn Association Course, fall of 1864: $100 entrance, $50 forfeit, the Association to add $150, provided the stake is run, the condition of the country not preventing, which shall be decided by the officers of the Association. Five or more subscribers to fill the stakes, to name and close August 15th, 1864.

SAME DAY—SECOND RACE.

Heats (all ages), purse....$300

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11TH.

Three Mile Heats (all ages), purse....$1,000

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH.

Two Mile Heats (all ages), purse....$750

SAME DAY—SECOND RACE.

We, the subscribers, agree to run a Sweepstake dash of a mile, over the Woodlawn Association Race Course, Colts and Fillies, 2 years old: $100 entrance, $50 forfeit; the Association to add $300, provided the stake is run, the condition of the country not preventing, which shall be decided by the officers of the Association. Five or more subscribers to fill the stake, to name and close August 15th, 1864.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13TH.

Mile Heats (all ages), purse....$750

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14TH.

We, the subscribers, agree to run a Sweepstake, two mile heats, for Colts and Fillies 3 years old, over the Woodlawn Association Course; $500 entrance, $100 forfeit; $1,000 added by Association, provided the stake is run, the condition of the country not preventing, which shall be decided by the officers of the Association. Five or more subscribers to fill the stake, to name and close August 15th, 1864.

SAME DAY—SECOND RACE.

Two Mile Dash (all ages), purse....$500

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15TH.

Four Mile Heats (all ages)....$1,500

Entries to be addressed to W. F. Milton, Louisville.

W. S. BUFORD, Pres.
W. F. MILTON, Sec'y. jy16

AUCTION SALES.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

CHESTNUT, WALNUT AND MADISON STREET LOTS, AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 1st, AT 4½ o'clock, on the premises, will be sold, in the following order, to close an estate, nine large and valuable lots, viz:

Two Lots, 44½ feet front each, by 161 feet deep to an alley, on the northeast corner of Chestnut and Twelfth streets.

Two Lots, 35 feet front each, by 152 feet deep to an alley, on the north side of Walnut street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, commencing 60 feet west of Eleventh street.

Two Lots, 30½ feet front each, by 161 deep to an alley, on the southwest corner of Walnut and Fourteenth streets.

Two Lots, 30½ feet front each, by 161 feet deep to an alley, on the southwest corner of Madison and Fourteenth streets.

One Lot, 45 feet front by 162 feet deep to an alley, on the south side of Madison street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, commencing 210 feet west of Thirteenth street.

☞The sale will commence with the Chestnut street lots.

Terms of Sale—⅓ cash, balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest and lien.

jy29 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

VALUABLE BROADWAY LOT AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1st, I WILL sell in front of the Courthouse door, at about 11 o'clock, and immediately after the sales of the Marshal of the Chancery Court, a large and desirable Lot, on the north side of Broadway, between Tenth and Eleventh, 40 feet front by 188 feet deep to a 20-foot alley, commencing 64 feet from the corner of Tenth street, and running west; being a portion of the ground now occupied as a military prison. The lot will be positively sold, regardless of price.

Terms—½ cash, balance in 60 days, with interest and lien.

jy29 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

COLLEGE STREET LOT AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 2D, AT 5 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold without reserve, for cash in hand, one Lot, 30 feet front by 200 feet deep to a 20 foot alley, on the north side of College street, commencing 20 feet east of First street. This lot is located in a desirable neighborhood, and is worthy of attention.

jy29 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

OPEN-TOP BUGGY, HARNESS, COW AND CALF, AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 29TH, AT 10 O'CL'K, in front of Auction-rooms, will be sold, in addition to sale advertised, one nearly new open-top Buggy and Harness, one fresh and fine Milch Cow and Calf.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER,
jy29 Auctioneer.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

LARGE AND SPECIAL SALE OF

Toilet and Castile Soaps, Ground Coffee, Spices, Black Teas and Indigo,

with a splendid line of

Flint-Glass Plain and Ribbed Decanters, Heavy Bar Tumblers, Decanters and Bitter Bottles

AT AUCTION,

TO-MORROW MORNING, FRIDAY, AT 10 O'CL'K, at auction-rooms. Also, for account of whom it may concern, damaged by water—

20 casks Soda;
25 boxes Mustard;
10 gross "Sweet Owen" Tobacco.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.
jy28 No. 622 Main street.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

ELEGANT FURNITURE AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, WAGON, OMNIBUS HARNESS AND HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES,

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 29TH, AT 10 O'CL'K, in front of auction-rooms, will be peremptorily sold, one new two or four horse Wagon, with cord-wood rack, 4 sets Omnibus Harness, nearly new, and one new Wagon Saddle. After which, a large assortment of new and second-hand Furniture, embracing mahogany hair-seat Chairs, Sofas, Sociables and Divans, Toilet Bureaus, Inclosed Washstand, Tables, cane-seat Chairs, Wardrobes, elegant English Brussels Carpets, Misses' Bedsteads, Spring, Shuck and Cotton Mattresses, and many other articles in the house-furnishing line.

Special attention is called to this sale.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER,
jy28 Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS, AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 30TH, AT 4 o'clock, on the premises, I will offer for sale, for one-half cash, balance in one year, with interest and lien, 210 feet by 200 feet, at the northeast corner Brook and Breckinridge, and 162 by 200 feet at the northwest corner of Jacob and Floyd, in lots of size made known at the sale. THOMAS A. MORGAN,
jy28 dtd Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

MAIN AND SECOND STREET BUSINESS HOUSES AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 29TH, AT FIVE o'clock, will be sold on the premises, in the following order:

One Brick Store-House and Lot 20½ feet front by 160 deep, on the northwest corner of Second and Main streets, now occupied by H. G. Phillipps.

One Brick House and Lot, about 17½ feet front by 52½ feet deep, on the west side of Second street and immediately in rear of the above corner store.

One Brick House and Lot, about 17½ feet front by 52½ feet deep, on the west side of Second street, between Main and the river.

☞The above valuable property will be unreservedly sold. Terms at sale.

jy26 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

J. T. BOYLE, Attorney at Law.

Office—Hamilton's Building,

Corner Main and Sixth streets, over People's Bank
my21 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY

Ship Ahoy!

MEN WISHING TO SHIP ON THE REINDEER (gunboat service), will report this day. The largest bounty and wages given. Office, corner of Main and Second streets, over Blanchard's clothing store, third floor, or Galt House. Come one! Come all!
jy20 GEO. W. FRENCH, Recruiting Officer.

HOUSEKEEPERS' DEPOT

121 Market st., bet. First and Second.

WE ARE THE AGENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING articles—

Lotze & Co.'s celebrated Kitchen Ranges.
Lotze & Co.'s Warm Air Furnaces.
Southern Belle Cooking Stove.
Alligator Smoke-Consuming Coal Stove.
Balsley's Patent Step Ladders.

Persons having Lotze's Furnaces can have them repaired or new pieces supplied, by calling on us.

Now is the time to fit up your houses and stores for the winter. Our stock of Stoves, Housekeepers' Goods and Tinware is complete, and will be sold wholesale and retail. Call and see for yourselves.
au15 CREIGHTON & FINK.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Corner Sixth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.
my28 dly

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

Also, Agents for Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs, the best in market.

NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ALWAYS ON HAND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AT REASONABLE PRICES.
fe13

J. S. Morris & Sons,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

IMPORTERS OF

FOREIGN DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, GLASSWARE, SPICES, TOBACCO, &C.,

No. 423 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky.
ap19 dlm&wlm

JACOB SCHMITT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

BAR AND SHEET IRON, NAILS, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, SHAFTS, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES; Bellows, Anvils, Vises, Files, Carpenters' Cabinetmakers' and Coopers' Tools, Builders' and Cabinetmakers' Hardware, &c. No. 117 Market street, south side, bet. First and Brook. se13

PUBLIC SALES.

Marshal's Sale.

Patrick Collins vs Patrick McPike,
Joseph Monks vs Patrick Collins. } In Chancery.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1864,

About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4 and 8 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:

A CERTAIN HOUSE AND LOT

Situated on the south side of Market street, between Fifth and Sixth streets in said city; the same purchased by Patrick McPike at Chancery sale, and which was in the possession of Patrick Collins on the 29th June, 1859, under lease.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOMAS A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
jy29 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

Marshal's Sale.

Northern Bank of Ky.,
against } In Chanc'y, Nos. 17,954 & 18,120.
Thos. B. Hunt, &c.,

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1864,

About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months (equal parts of the purchase money) the following Lots, in Louisville, or so much as may be necessary to raise the sums decreed, to wit:

A LOT, on the west side of Brook street, beginning 402 12-100 feet south of St. Catherine street; thence south with Brook 107 27-100 feet and of that width at right angles west 200 feet to a 20-foot alley.

A LOT, on the east side of Brook street, fronting 200 feet on Brook street and running at right angles eastwardly on Oak street 329 feet to the east line of the 20 acres of land divided in suit No. 17,296, being lots 26 and 27 in Campbell's addition to Louisville.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
jy27 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

Public Sale.

A Valuable and Picturesque Country Seat.

ON SATURDAY, JULY 30TH, PRECISEly at 11 o'clock, A. M., will be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, a substantially improved villa, with ample and beautiful grounds, known as "Bellavista," containing 20 acres No. 1 Beargrass land, situated near the Bardstown pike, 4½ miles out. The improvements consist of two houses, built of stone in Gothic style, with good out-buildings, fencing, &c. The main house contains two paved cellars under the whole house, halls, bay window, back porch, two rooms, each 9 by 18 feet, and four rooms each 18 by 20 feet, with good garret above. The house is modern, and oak grained throughout. The servants' house contains kitchen, wash-room, larder-room, dining-room, and two good servants' rooms above. A filtered cistern (250 barrels) near the door; and a well of never failing water near. The place is noted for its fine fruits, some 200 bearing trees, among which the pears are unexcelled. There is a fine young orchard of some 1,200 trees of choice varieties of selected fruits, coming on, which will make the place a valuable paying fruit farm in a short time. The yard is well set out in shade trees, fruit trees of different kinds, evergreens, rare shrubs, flowers, vines, &c. Four acres in a nice bluegrass pasture.

Terms cash in currency.

T. WARREN CHAMBERLIN.
C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

N. B. The place can be bought privately of me up to day of sale, by applying at Auction-rooms. After sale of place, will be sold also, the personal effects upon the place, coal and crops. Possession given in ten days. Title perfect. [jy26 d5] C. C. SPENCER.

Commissioner's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A JUDGMENT OF THE NELSON Circuit Court, rendered at the March term, 1864, in the case of W. W. Metcalfe, Thomas H. Crozier, &c., against the Bardstown and Louisville Railroad Company, I will, as Commissioner of said Court, lease or sell the property of said Railroad Company, as set out in the pleadings and judgment. The leasing or sale to be made at the Courthouse in Bardstown, on Monday the 8th day of August next (being County Court day).

The entire road property, franchises, &c., will be first offered for lease to the person or persons who will take same for the shortest term of years, and give bond with sufficient security, conditioned to pay the Plaintiffs the sums so adjudged to be now due, within six months from the day of leasing, and to pay the semi-annual interest on the mortgage bonds, as the same may fall due; and pay the principal debt of $30,000 also when it falls due; and also to keep in good repair the road, cars and other property not consumable by use, such as rail, depots, &c., and return the road property in such condition as it now is. A lien to be retained on the TERM to secure the performance of the lease.

If the judgment cannot be made by a LEASE of the said road property, franchises, &c., for a term of years, upon the terms above indicated, then the same will be sold absolutely to the highest bidder; the purchaser to give bond with sufficient security, conditioned to pay the amounts decreed as due, within six months from the day of sale, bearing interest, and having the force of a judgment; and to pay the accruing instalments of interest as the same fall due upon the mortgage debt; and finally to pay also the $30,000 principal upon the falling due thereof, to-wit, January 1st, 1870. Lien to be retained upon the entire property, &c., to secure the rights of the parties.

The amount of this decree due, and to become due, will not exceed $59,000, whereas the Iron upon the road bed alone is estimated by competent judges to be now worth $80,000. The commissioner therefore feels fully justified in assuring the public that this is one of the very best chances for profitable investments that can anywhere be found.

JAMES WOOD, S. N. C.,
jy19 u1&d20 Commissioner.

STURGEON, CLEMENTS & CO., BANKERS,

Corner Sixth and Main Streets,

(NEW BANK BUILDING,)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CAPT. A. McGILL IS THIS DAY ADMITTED AS A partner in our business. The name and style of the firm will remain as before.

STURGEON, CLEMENTS & CO.
Louisville, Ky., April 8 1864. ap7

WM. T. BARTLEY, Cotton Factor

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

mr21 No. 23 Broad St., New York. 1d6m

LOUISVILLE HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

E. McHARRY,

Successor to the original manufacturers, J. HULME & Co.

MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER

Office—North side of Main st., bet. Eighth and Ninth

LOUISVILLE, KY.

THIS IS THE ONLY GENUINE LOUISVILLE HYdraulic Cement, and is always branded "J. HULME & CO.," "WARRANTED." je17

SUNDRIES.—

5,000 Sterg's Sugar-cured Hams;
500 plain Canvassed Hams;
20,000 lbs Clear Sides;
40 tierces Prime Lard;
200 kegs do do;
200 bbls choice br'ds Flour—"Gold Dust," &c.;
100 bush Bolted Corn Meal;
10 bbls Hominy;
100 boxes German Soap;
50 do Star Candles;
25 ½ chests Green and Black Teas;

Received and for sale by HIBBITT & SON,
jy23 No. 223 Market st., bet. Second and Third

W. FRAZER. MCD. O'BRIEN

FRAZER & O'BRIEN, WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

704 Main street, second door below Seventh,
se8 LOUISVILLE, KY.

Notice.

WE HAVE SOLD OUR INTEREST IN THE SHOE Store, which has been conducted under the firm of F. North & Co. on Market street, to Everhart & Henning. All persons who are indebted to the late firm of F. North & Co. will please make payment to them, and all those to whom the firm are indebted will call on them for settlement. We cordially recommend to our friends and the public, our successors, and hope the liberal patronage of the late firm will be extended to them.

F. NORTH,
mr13 JOHN H. NORTH.

HOLYOKE & ROGERS, TOBACCO FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 163 Water Street, New York.

ADVANCES WILL BE MADE ON SHIPMENTS TO above address by N. E. MILTON & CO.,
fe21 No. 333 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

STEAMBOATS.

For Henderson—Connecting with the Cairo Packets at Evansville.

PALESTINE....LUSK, master,
(In place of the Tarascon).
Will leave as above this day, the 29th inst., at 5 P. M., positively, from Portland wharf. For freight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents
jy29 No. 116 Wall st.

Change of Time.

Regular Louisville, Madison and Carrollton Packet.

SAM YOUNG....NEAL, master.
Will leave as above this day, the 29th inst., at 10 A. M., positively. N. B.—The Sam Young will take through freight for all Eastern cities to Madison, thence by railroad. Rates as low as by any other route.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
jy29 R. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st.

For Evansville and Cairo.

The new and light draught swift running passenger steamer
LADONA, Henry Miller, master,
Will leave as above on this day, the 29th inst., at 12 M., positively, from city wharf.

Having first class accommodations, for freight or passage apply on board, or to
jy29 CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents.

For Cincinnati and all way Landings.

The new and light draught swift running passenger steamer
HIGHLAND CHIEF, Ledwick, master,
will leave as above on this day, the 29th inst., at 4 P. M., positively, from city wharf.

Having first-class accommodations, for freight or passage apply on board, or to
jy29 CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
Nos. 143 and 145 Fourth st.

1864. 1864.

LOUISVILLE AND HENDERSON

U. S. MAIL BOATS,

For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson

Connecting at Evansville with the

CAIRO AND EVANSVILLE PACKETS.

The new and light draught steamers

BIG GREY EAGLE AND TARASCON

Will leave every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday & Saturday at 5 o'clock P. M.

NOTICE.

All freight and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be delayed after that time under any circumstance. Letters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 5 o'clock P. M.
de17 dtf J. H. BUNCE, Sec'y.

☞CHANGE OF TIME.☜

CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers.

The Steamers of this Line will leave for CINCINNATI

EVERY DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,

Which insures the making of the 6 o'clock morning connection by railroad from Cincinnati to the North and East.

☞For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent.
Office—Mail Line Wharf-boat, foot of Third street.

JAMES M'DERMOTT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,

Old Bourbon and Rectified Whisky,

716 (North Side) MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE.

☞Consignments solicited of every description of Goods. se6

XX AND XXX ALE —AND— BEER,

WARRANTED PURE.

A LARGE SUPPLY ON HAND IN BARRELS, HALF barrels and Kegs.

WILLIAM PADDON & SON

CITY BREWERY,

Sixth street, between Main and Water,
ap14 dtf3dp Louisville, Ky

Steinway and Chickering PIANOS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING REGULARLY PIANOS from the above celebrated manufactories. I have also thirty Pianos of other makers, at prices from $250 upwards. D. P. FAULDS,
Sole Ag't in Ky. for Steinway and Chickering Pianos.
my21 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE KENTUCKY AND LOUISVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, July 15th, 1864.

THE POLICY HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of said Company, on the 2d of July, 1864, it was ordered that a call of ten per cent, be made on the Stock Notes, to pay losses recently sustained. Prompt attention to this notice is indispensably necessary.
jy15 dtf D. McNAUGHTAN, Sec'y.

Notice.

I WOULD INFORM DEALERS IN MANUFACTURed Tobacco, in the city, and at a distance, that I am prepared at all times to serve them in this department and shall be pleased to wait upon them with samples of any thing this market affords, at lowest figures and on short notice. A. R. DEAN,
Tobacco and General Commission Merchant,
jy19 dlm 106 Main street, near First.

HYATT, SMITH & CO.,

No. 216 Main street, between Second and Third.

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

KEEP ON HAND AND ARE RECEIVING best

Pittsburg and other Coal,

Which they sell wholesale and retail. All orders will be promptly filled. doll dtf

HOMINY AND GRITS.—A FEW BARRELS FRESH ground, just received and for sale by
jy21 T. L. JEFFERSON

Broadway Mills,

Corner Tenth and Broadway,
Near Lou. & Nash. R.R Depot,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WHEAT WANTED AT THE HIGHEST MARKET price. Flour and Offal always on hand, and orders for the delivery or shipment of either promptly attended to. SAML. A. MILLER,
jy1 dim&w2m Proprietor.

Seamless Bags.

200 BALES ASSORTED BRANDS, TWO BUSHEL Grain Bags, in store and for sale by
GEO. C. HUNTER,
jy9 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Information to Whom it May Concern.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION A TOOL CHEST THAT was brought from Memphis by the steamer Atlantic and left at Cairo, in June, 1863. Any person addressing me at Cairo, describing Chest and contents, will receive immediate attention to their inquiries.
my14 D. RONDEBUSH.

R. E. MILES' SADDLE, HARNESS AND Trunk Manufactory,

No. 211 Main street, bet. Second and Third.
my23 d3m5dol Sign of the "Golden Horse Head."

FLOUR.—
150 bbls Edinburgh Mills Flour;
50 bbls Lowell Mills do;
200 bbls Macklin's Extra Family Flour;
In store and for sale by
au1 T. L. JEFFERSON.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Provost Marshal of Louisville Captured by Guerrillas.

Rebel Cavalry Crossing into Kentucky.

Artillery Firing—the Heaviest During Grant's Campaign.

The Atlantic Cable Movement Revived.

Accident on the Welland Canal.

No Sign of the Rebels Crossing the Potomac.

Destruction of a Grain Elevator—Immense Loss of Grain.

WASHINGTON, July 28.

The mail steamer John Brooks arrived here this morning from City Point, which place he left yesterday morning at one o'clock.

All was quiet in front of Petersburg at that time, but on Tuesday movements of the rebels were discovered, which, although not fully developed, indicated that they were attempting to flank Butler's position on the right, or were endeavoring to gain Harrison's Landing for the purpose of getting in his rear.

The Star learns that the proper disposition of troops was immediately made to check them and find out their intentions.

Artillery firing commenced at Point of Rocks, early on the evening of Tuesday, and continued all night.

Our gunboats were said to have been engaged, and most firing was doubtless done by the gunboats.

Fighting was also going on near Bermuda, and it was reported that the rebels were posted three miles from that place.

Parties who were at Butler's headquarters on Saturday night say that the roar of musketry and artillery was incessant.

Yesterday when Brooks came down the river the firing was still going on, but seemed to have somewhat slackened.

Early yesterday morning Grant was engaged in making a proper disposition of his troops, with the intention of foiling any rebel movement.

Officers attached to Brooks' command state that firing was heard by them on Tuesday; it was more heavy and incessant than any heard by them during Grant's campaign.

NEW YORK, July 28.

The Herald's City Point correspondent of the 26th says very heavy and rapid artillery firing has been going on in the direction of Foster's front, on the north bank of James River, since daylight this morning, and at intervals volleys of musketry can be distinctly heard for several days past. The rebels have been reinforcing heavily at that point, as if they suspected us of intending to mass forces there and advance suddenly on Richmond from that quarter.

All remains quiet in the Petersburg front. Troops are by no means entirely inactive.

The movements and disposition of our forces is not at present legitimate matter for newspapers.

CLARKSVILLE, July 28—8 P. M.

Parties of rebel cavalry are crossing the Cumberland, making their way into Kentucky.

Yesterday a party of 125 crossed a few miles above, under Col. Johnson, another smaller party crossed below. They were well armed and mounted, and had regular officers.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.

The statements contained in the dispatch this morning concerning the existence, plans, purposes and order of the American Knights, was based on very voluminous testimony taken during several months past by Provost Marshal General of the Department of Missouri.

OGDENSBURGH, July 28.

The large railroad elevator and adjoining sheds, containing 2,000 barrels of flour and nearly 100 000 bushels of grain, was entirely destroyed with its contents by fire, this evening. It is supposed to have caught fire from sparks of passing locomotives. Insured partially.

NEW YORK, July 28.

Moses Taylor, who was recently appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury of the United States at New York has declined the position.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 28.

Her majesty's steamer Margaretta Stevenson, Capt. Ortibar, left here this morning for Trinity Bay, with Mr. Cyrus W. Field on board, for the purpose of selecting a place for landing the Atlantic Cable.

FREDERICK, July 28.

A stage from Hagerstown has just arrived. I learn from passengers that all is quiet on the upper Potomac.

The rebel scouts have disappeared from the line of the Potomac, and it is said they have fallen back beyond Martinsburg.

Gen. Averill, I now learn, is with his command and uninjured.

Gen. Mulligan is undoubtedly killed.

BALTIMORE, July 28.

The rebels have not yet shown the slightest sign of pushing their incursions across the Potomac, and in consequence Maryland is quieting down.

The Union men of Frederick who was designedly taking leave, and who had sent away their plate, &c., have now made up their minds to remain.

The times correspondent at Frederick telegraphs that persons arriving there from Hagerstown this afternoon, report that no rebel who have shown themselves any where on the Potomac.

Col. Mulligan's fate not yet known, but a flag of truce was to-day sent in the rebel line to ascertain regarding him.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.

The Mexican population in the Southern counties of this State are beginning to take sides for and against the usurpation of Maximilian. The great majority of them support Juarez.

Charles L. Weller, ex-Postmaster of San Francisco, has been arrested and imprisoned at Alcatraz, charged with treasonable language at a meeting of a Copperhead club. Weller is chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee.

NEW YORK, July 28.

A schooner which had got aground in the Chesapeake has been taken possession of by the rebels on Sunday night.

WASHINGTON, July 28.

Official advices have been received at the War Department giving the gratifying assurance of the safety of General Averill. He is now at Hagerstown, slightly wounded, and will soon be fit for duty.

No rebels have crossed the Potomac.

NEW YORK, July 28.

Advices from Baltimore show that Crook on the retreat from Winchester lost 1,000 men and a few guns.

Gen. Kelly is still at Cumberland.

The rebel strength is near 30,000 under Hill.

Gen. Early having left on account of his wounds, Wright has been placed in command of all the troops on the upper Potomac, and is moving to a point on the rebels, having reoccupied Martinsburg.

Trains run regularly between Baltimore and Harper's Ferry.

FLORALD, C. W., July 28.

This morning the Propeller Akron bound up in the Welland canal, and carried away 4 gates of lock No. 21. The water drove her against lock 20, breaking one of its gates. The steamer Moffatt, leaving 22 at the time, broke her back. It will take three days to repair damages.

☞The St. Paul Pioneer, of the 19th inst., says the upper Red river country was recently visited with a rain and hail storm that lasted three days. The hail stones were of the size of marbles and hen's eggs. The parade ground at Fort Abercrombie was covered with water and hail; and the soldiers had to get under strong shelter.

☞When Judge Hale, who had been a fierce swashbuckler in his youth, sat in judgment upon one of his former boon companions, he took advantage of the retirement of the jury to ask the culprit in the dock sundry questions touching their old associates. "They are all hanged, my lord," answered the knave, "except you and me."

☞An exchange, noticing the marriage of Mr. James Hogg to Miss Ella Beane, says pork and beans form a natural union; but thinks one bean to a single hog is a small allowance.

☞Downing, the celebrated New York oysterman, is about to retire from business, rich but respected.

☞When you want job printing come to the Democrat Office, see samples and leave your orders.

[Communicated.]

Glendale Female College.

Among the many claims of this institution, which have secured to it a large and select patronage, may be reckoned the following:

1. Its location, twelve miles north of Cincinnati, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, gives it superior advantages. No better place could have been selected for a female college. It is accessible, and remarkably healthy—not a death of pupil or teacher having occurred in the institution since its establishment. It is a beautiful and attractive place, laid out by an association of gentlemen from Cincinnati as a suburban village. The taste displayed in gardens, groves and walks, together with its beautiful natural scenery, can not fail to please the eye, and cultivate a taste for the beautiful in nature and art. Add to this, the refined social advantages, and its facilities by railroad communication in all directions, and we have a combination of attractions, superior to any that can be found in the western country.

2. It is emphatically a family school. The proprietors, Rev. J. G. Montford, D. D., President, and Rev. L. D. Potter, reside in the college; and, with their wives and other competent teachers, compose the faculty of instruction. The young ladies are watched over, day and night, with constant and conscientious care, and the number of pupils cannot be so large as to destroy a home feeling.

3. It is free from the various excitements and temptations that attend institutions located in large cities, and in places where there are colleges for young men. The female colleges at Oxford, College Hill, and other places, east and west, that might be named, have suffered much from their proximity to male colleges; and boarding schools for young ladies must be subject to similar annoyances in any large town.

4. It is mainly a boarding school, having few day scholars, on account of its location in a small village. Last year it had 84 boarding and but 25 day pupils. Usually, in institutions of this kind, the number of boarders is much less than of day scholars. Experience shows that day scholars do not advance as rapidly as those whose study hours, meals, relaxation and sleep are under the supervision of teachers, and the result is, where the boarding pupils are largely in the minority, they are retarded by others; while, if they have a large majority, others cannot retard them, but must keep up with them, or fall back into lower classes.

5. A large majority of its pupils are in an advanced stage of their education. Last year nearly four-fifths of them were in the college classes, and only about one-fifth in the preparatory department. This is a larger proportion than in any other college in the West. It may be owing in part to the fact that the proportion of day scholars is small, but no doubt it is, in a large measure, because the institution is patronized principally by a class of parents who are in favor of thorough education. It is a great advantage to the pupil to be associated with those who are in the higher classes of the course.

6. Permanency and stability are characteristics of the institution. We are now entering upon the eleventh year of the college, the President and other proprietor having taken charge of it in its second year. During this time almost every other institution of the kind in the West has changed proprietors or conductors, and some of them several times. This is true of the institutions at Hillsboro, Xenia, Dayton, Springfield, Oxford, Mt. Auburn, College Hill, Indianapolis, and Terre Haute. The Ohio Female College begins the next year with new conductors and teachers, President Day and Mr. Richards having sold out and retired. Terre Haute Female College was also lately sold, and is immediately to come under an entirely new supervision. Changes are sometimes for the better, but where they do not occur, there is evidence of past success, which is the best guarantee for the future.

7. In the present state of the country, Glendale presents a place of security from the dangers of war. The location is immediately north of Cincinnati twelve miles, having railroad connection in all directions. To show that this consideration is appreciated, the fact may be adduced, that one-third of the boarding pupils of the last year came from the slave States, or from towns on the banks of the Ohio river. During the battles and raids of the last year, the parents of these pupils, whose homes have been exposed to the enemy, have felt and been secure as to their daughters.

A BARBECUE IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, KY.—From the following correspondence it will be seen that, at the solicitation of many citizens, Mr. O. C. Curry will, on Saturday, July 30th, give a genuine old fashioned Kentucky barbecue, where every preparation will be made to render the occasion pleasant to all present:

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 4, 1864.

Mr. O. C. Curry:

DEAR SIR—The undersigned, citizens of Louisville and Jefferson county, having heretofore spent a delightful day in the country at your great barbecues, and having been sadly disappointed in not being able to attend to your last one in June, from an erroneous idea circulated, we believe, to injure you, we hereby solicit you to repeat your barbecue at an early day.

James P. Chambers,	Collin Alfriend,
Amos Seabolt,	Dr. E. K. Seeley,
S. B. Lewis,	Maj. B. Farmer,
Wm. A. Ronald,	Wm. K. Thomas,
Wm. M. Marshall,	Chas. M. Thruston,
James T. Brown,	Robt. A. Hamilton,
Wm. K. Cotton,	Dr. J. W. Baggett,
S. S. Clark,	G. A. Jones,
V. Baldorff,	B. F. Moore,
Wm. Craig,	H. H. Sale,
J. Wash Davis,	J. R. Hall,
F. S. Dravo,	T. C. Tucker,
T. Jack Conn,	J. R. Dupuy,
John Hunt,	Ben M. Harney,
	Wm. E. Hughes.

HAYS' SPRINGS, July 5th.

Jas. P. Chambers and others:

SIRS—Your kind note, with its flattering recommendation, is before me. With my sincere thanks for your kindness, permit me to name Saturday, July 30th, for the barbecue, and rest assured, gentlemen, that I shall spare no pains to make it an agreeable day for your enjoyment. Yours, &c.,

O. C. CURRY.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVALS.—Major Anderson, from Cincinnati; S. B. Young, from Madison; Nightingale, from Cincinnati, Emma Floyd, from Cincinnati.

DEPARTURES.—Major Anderson, for Cincinnati; S. B. Young, for Madison; Lady Welton, for Cincinnati; Nightingale, for Tennessee River; Emma Floyd, for Cincinnati.

There has been but little change in the river at this point during the past twenty-four hours, and at dark last evening there was scant two feet seven inches water in the canal by the mark, but nine inches in the pass on the falls. During the previous twenty-four hours the river at the head of the falls had not varied more than half an inch. The weather was clear but very warm.

At Cincinnati at noon yesterday the river was still falling, with less than four feet water in the channel hence to this port.

The Lower Ohio continued to fail, and business is from day to day growing less, until at last there is little or nothing doing. We earnestly hope that we may soon have a rise in the Ohio, and that business may become more brisk.

Yesterday afternoon Capt. John A. Logan's new steamer, the W. R. Carter, was safely launched from the shipyard of Louis Forser & Co., on this side of the river. She sits the Ohio like a thing of life, and when finished will be one of the finest and most complete steamers ever turned out from this wharf.

The Palestine will be found at the Portland wharf this morning, ready for a return trip to Owensboro, Evansville, Henderson, and all way places. She is in charge of Capt. J. A. Lusk, a thorough boatman, assisted in the clerk's office by Gen. Ashcroft and Luce Murrell, two of the most attentive and popular clerks to be found on the Ohio river.

The General Buell is the regular mail packet for Cincinnati and the East at noon to-day.

We have already made mention of the sinking of the B. M. Runyan. The falling particulars of the accident we copy from the Memphis Argus of the 24th inst:

The steamer James White arrived from New Orleans at nearly 12 o'clock last night, but since Monday evening. From her officers we learn of a frightful calamity, which occurred at Griffith's wood yard Thursday night. By it the steamer B. M. Runyan was sunk, and between one hundred and fifty and two hundred lives lost. Regarding the disaster, a rescued passenger, who arrived on the James White, furnishes us the subjoined

STATEMENT:

On the 21st inst., at 2 P. M., the steamboat B. M. Runyan left Vicksburg for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis, with 437 soldiers of the Tenth Missouri, 61 furloughed or returning soldiers, many of them sick, some 30 deck passengers and about 80 cabin passengers, making a total, with the officers and crew of the boat, of about 600 persons.

At half-past 10 P. M., on the same day, at about fifteen miles below Greenville, Miss., the boat struck a snag under the surface, and the water rushed in with such force and in such a volume as to cause the boat to commence sinking in an incredibly short space of time, and in less than ten minutes her texas, pilot-house and wheel-houses were the only portions of the ill-fated steamboat that were out of water.

She had commenced going to pieces almost as soon as she commenced sinking. Although the Captain was on watch and at his post, a scene of the wildest confusion ensued. Part of the cabin passengers and soldiers rushed on the hurricane deck, the balance, and by far the largest number, took to the water. Many, unable to swim, in the excitement of the moment, threw themselves in without even a piece of wood, plank, or anything that could assist them in floating, and of course only rushed to destruction.

Captain Burns, of the gunboat No. 11 (Prairie Bird) happened to be accidentally coming up the river, and though the signal of distress with the whistle had not been given on account of the rush of water around and through the flues of the boilers, with practiced eye detected that something wrong had happened, crowded on all the steam he could, using his coal for that purpose, and reached the wreck that had already parted from the hull, and was floating down stream in danger of falling to pieces every minute, in time to save all who were on it, and with his boats picked up many others who were struggling in the water.

Shallower and shallower grows the channel depth in the river daily, and more difficult becomes navigation with the rising and setting of each successive sun. Oh, for a big rain! is the ejaculation of every steamboatman, as well as every other man. At Scufflcrown, French Island, and Oil Creek bars there is a depth of 30 inches. At Flint Island there is not over 24 inches steamboat water.

The Aid is the name of a very trim and fine looking little packet built at New Albany, for the low water season by Messrs. Gardner & Lloyd. She is one of the lightest draught boats afloat, drawing but twelve inches with her load on. She is 80 feet long, 20 feet wide, and 3½ feet hold. She has two engines with 8½ feet cylinders, and 3 feet stroke.

Capt. Eph. Whistler's fine low water packet was successfully launched yesterday morning from the yard of Dowarman & Humphries, at New Albany. She will be a regular beauty when completed.

The Ladonia has been sold at Cincinnati for $9,000 to Captain Henry Miller, late of the Emma, for the Evansville and lower Ohio river trade.

On Monday, August 15th, at 3 P. M., there will be sold at public auction in Nashville, Tenn., the following named steamboats, belonging to the United States, and now lying in the Cumberland river, to-wit:

Chippewa Valley—five miles below Gallatin landing.

Parthenia—near head of Harpeth Shoals.

W. H. Sidell—near head of Harpeth Shoals.

Charter—five miles above Harpeth Shoals.

FINANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT,
THURSDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1864.

Gold closed in New York to-day at 150¾ prem.

Business continues very inactive and quotations are mostly nominal. Very little is done beyond the local demand. The money market is unchanged—working close. As a result of a steady decline in gold there is a general drooping tendency in prices of most of the leading articles of produce. This decline, however, is rather in appearance than in reality, for as gold falls the currency rises in value.

For particulars of currency matters see specie and bank note list.

Daily Review of the Louisville Market.

[REPORTED FROM THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.]

FLOUR—Superfine is held at $8 75@9; extra family at $9 50@10, and fancy brands at $11@12; but transactions are mainly limited to the local demand. A sale of 1,000 bbls extra was reported to-day on 'Change to the Government at $9 85.

WHEAT—Receipts light. Mediterranean and Alabama red commands $1 75@1 80, as in quality, and white $1 85 @1 95. The new Wheat is beginning to come in and appears of better quality than last year.

CORN—Continues in demand, dealers paying $1 25@1 30. Sales from store at $1 40@1 45, and retailing at $1 50.

OATS, &C.—Oats we still quote at 95c@$1. Rye is dull at $1 25@1 30. Barley $1 45@1 50, with light transactions.

BRAN, &C.—We quote Bran at $25@27, and Middlings at $45 per ton, and very scarce.

BUTTER—Is very scarce, retailing at 40@50c. W. R. in firkins commands 35@38c.

CHEESE—New W. R. commands 19½c, and Ohio Hamburg 20c in a small way. Stock fair.

COTTON YARNS—Held at 77@83c.

COAL—Pittsburg Coal is selling at 36c per bushel, and Nut Coal to 28c.

FLAX SEED—We note sales at $2 65 per bushel.

MUSTARD—A demand has arisen for Mustard Seed at 16c per pound.

GROCERIES—New Orleans Sugar is held at 25@28c by the cha n in bbls it commands from ½c to 1c per lb more. Soft Yellow is held at 30@33c, and Crushed, &c., 33@35c. N. O. Molasses $1 20 and Syrup $1 40@1 50. Coffee is held at 50@54c.

HAY—Baled timothy is dull at $20@23; at retail $26. Loose, from wagon, brings $20@25; new $20.

LINSEED OIL—Sales at $1 75@1 80.

ONIONS—Sales from wagons at $4 50 per bbl, and at retail $5 50.

POTATOES—We quote from wagons at $3 50 and from store at $4@5 50, and dull.

WHISKY—Sales 13 bbls steam copper at $2 05.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

THURSDAY—Sales to-day at the Tobacco Exchange 284 hhds, as follows: 13 at $10; 19 at $11; 24 at $12; 21 at $13; 18 at $14; 12 at $15; 8 at $16; 11 at $17; 8 at $18; 9 at $19; 8 at $20; 8 at $21; 9 at $22; 3 at $23; 11 at $24; 7 at $25; 6 at $26; 14 at $27; 8 at $28; 7 at $29; 6 at $30; 5 at $31; 5 at $32; 4 at $33; 6 at $34; 9 at $35; 3 at $36; 2 at $37; 6 at $38; 3 at $39; 5 at $40; 1 at $41; 2 at $42; 1 at $43 75; 1 at $44; 2 at $45, and 1 at $46 per 100 lbs.

Sales at the Louisville Warehouse of 73 hhds as follows: Heavy leaf, 35 hhds, at $35, $39 25, $29, $25 50, $25, $42 75, $31 50, $34 75, $32 50, $27 75, $35 25, $28 25, $37 50, $25 25, $34 25, $25, $37 25, $39 50, $46, $29 75, $25, $34, $28, $39, $33 75, $31, $24 25, $37 25, $33, $35 25, $31 25, $32 25, $38 50, $26 25. Heavy lugs, 10 hhds, at $17 25, $17 75, $14, $19 75, $19, $17 75, $19 50, $17, $17 50, $17 75. Light leaf, 12 hhds, at $18, $18 50, $27 25, $21, $21 75, $20, $22 25, $24, $21 25, $21 25, $21 50, $20. Light lugs, 15 hhds, at $15 75, $10, $12 25, $11 75, $11 50, $13 75, $14 75, $12 25, $10 25, $13 75, $13 50, $12 75, $12 50, $12 25, $13 75.

SPECIE AND BANK NOTE LIST.

	BUYING	SELLING	
Gold	150@152	155@160	℘ cent. prem
Silver	140@145	150@155	℘ cent. p'm
Demand Notes	150	—	℘ cent. p'm
Eastern Exchange	¼ dis.	par@¼	℘ cent. p'm
Canada Money	56	60	℘ cent. p'm

BANKABLE FUNDS.
Tres'y Notes and Ohio Indiana and Kentucky money.

UNCURRENT FUNDS.

National Bank Notes	par@1	℘ cent. dis
Missouri	1@3	℘ cent. dis
Except—Farmers' Bank	5@10	℘ cent. dis
Union Bank	5@10	℘ cent. dis
Illinois	5@10	℘ cent. dis
Wisconsin	5@15	℘ cent. dis
Iowa	1	℘ cent. dis
Michigan	1	℘ cent. dis
Virginia—		
Eastern	50	℘ cent. dis
Western	1	℘ cent. dis
Pennsylvania—		
Pittsburg	1	℘ cent. dis
Interior	1@3	℘ cent. dis
New York	1	℘ cent. dis
New England	1	℘ cent. dis
Louisiana	10@50	℘ cent. dis
Maryland	1@3	℘ cent. dis
Tennessee—		
Planters' worth	85@—	90@—
Union	85@—	90@—
Bank of Tennessee	60@—	62@—
Stock Banks	60@—	62@—
South Carolina	75@78	℘ cent. dis.
North Carolina	75@78	℘ cent. dis.
Georgia	75@78	℘ cent. dis.
Alabama	75@78	℘ cent. dis.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 28—M.

Cotton dull and nothing doing. Flour, State and Western, dull and heavy, and 30c lower; quotations are at $9 75@10 00 for extra State, and $10 50@11 00 for choice, $9 15@9 50 for superfine Western, $9 40@10 00 for common to middling extra, and $10 00@10 30 for common to good shipping brands, and $11 25 for round-hoop Ohio; the market closed heavy; no buyers outside; sales 2,000 extra State. Whisky firmer, $1 68@1 70 for State, and $1 70@1 73 for Western. Wheat dull and heavy, and 4@5c lower, the quotations are $2 25@2 40 for Chicago spring, $2 27@2 40 for Milwaukee club, and $2 53@2 59 for winter red. Corn heavy, and 1@2c lower; we quote at $1 58@1 61 for new mixed western. Oats firmer, at $1 08 for western. Coffee dull and nominal. Sugar quiet, Cuba and Muscovado 21@21½. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet, refined in bond, 81c, crude dull at 50@50½. Wool dull and drooping. Pork less active and decidedly lower, $35 00 for mess, $38@40 00 for new mess, and closing at $39 00@39 00¼ for prime, and $35 00 for prime mess; also 500 barrels new mess for August, at buyers option, $42 40. Beef dull and heavy, $1 60@1 68. Hams and Lard active. Butter scarce and firm.

Money active and very firm, 7@8 per cent. Sterling exchange heavy and unsettled, 109@109¼. Gold irregular, opening at 253, declining to 246, advancing to 252, and closing quiet at 250¾.

CINCINNATI, July 28—M.

Flour dull, and no reliable quotations can be given. Wheat declined to $1 80 for red, but without any sales. Oats advanced 8c. Corn held at $1 20 for shelled, and $1 15 for ear. Whisky declined to $1 70, and closing dull. Nothing done in pork or bacon. 100 tierces prime city lard sold at 18¾c, which shows a decline of ¼c. Groceries dull and prices nominal.

Gold declined to 247, and silver to 225. Exchange scarce at ⅛th premium.

A Rare Chance.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF A CHANGE IN OUR BUSIness, we will commence this morning, and sell our entire stock of new and desirable

Household Furniture

In lots to suit purchasers, THIRTY PER CENT. LESS than any other house in the city. Those wishing to purchase Furniture need wait no longer. We intend to close out our entire stock by the last of next week.

JOHNSTON & DINWIDDIE, Market st.,
jy28 d6 Two doors above Second, north side.

PROTECTIVE WAR CLAIM AND PENSION AGENCY,

Established by the United States Sanitary Commission.

SOLDIERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ASSISTED IN the collection of Pensions, Pay and Bounty without charge to the claimants.

Office—In second story, front room, over the Warehouse of the Commission on Fifth street, between Main and Market streets. R. S. THARIN,
ap6 dtf Attorney for the U. S. S. C.

TRY BENJAMIN'S

ELECTRIC LINIMENT,

A SURE CURE FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Frost-Bites, Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Cramp Colic, Diarrhea,

And all external diseases that man or beast is subject to.

Our motto—"No CURE—No PAY."

☞All orders for Liniment must be addressed to
BEN. F. TULEY & BRO.,
my26 d6m No. 56 Lower Main st., New Albany, Ind.

Twine, Twine, Twine.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF BALING TWINE just received in store and for sale by
jy12 d30 McFERRAN & MENEFEE.

Sacking Twine.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF ASSORTED SACKing Twine just received and for sale low to close by
jy12 d30 McFERRAN & MENEFEE.

Grain Sacks.

8,000 GRAIN SACKS FOR SALE—SOMETHING new. We have just received in store a very fine article of seamless Hemp Grain Sacks, manufactured from the best Kentucky Hemp.

We ask the attention of all persons interested in the grain business to this article, as being by far the cheapest and most durable sack ever made.
jy12 d30 McFERRAN & MENEFEE.

Copper Whisky.

A FINE STOCK OF THE BEST BRANDS OF KENtucky Copper Whisky.
jy12 d30 McFERRAN & MENEFEE.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN C. BENEDICT BECAME A PARTNER in our business July 1st, 1864. The name and style of the firm will hereafter be D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.
D. S. BENEDICT & SON.

D. S. BENEDICT. R. W. BENEDICT. JNO. C. BENEDICT

D. S. BENEDICT & SONS, Wholesale Grocers

AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 326 Main Street,

Between Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

BACON, CLARDY & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 181 PEARL STREET NEW YORK.

D. S. BENEDICT & SONS, Agents,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS to above house.
jy26 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

100 HHDS PRIME TO CHOICE NEW ORLEANS Sugar in store and for sale by
jy26 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

300 BBLS REFINED SUGAR IN STORE AND for sale by
jy26 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

300 BAGS RIO COFFEE IN STORE AND FOR sale by
jy26 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

50 BAGS LAGUYRA COFFEE IN STORE AND for sale by
jy26 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

50 BBLS MOLASSES IN STORE AND FOR SALE BY
jy26 d10 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

Kentucky, Jefferson County Court,
JULY 21, 1864.

THE COURT APPOINTS THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS of election, to-wit:

FOR THE COUNTY.

AT HARROD'S CREEK.
John T. Bate and Timothy Grant, Judges; Jas. F. Allison, Clerk; Warner DeHaven, Sheriff.

AT GILLMAN'S.
George Herr and Harrison Arterburn, Judges; Wm. Brown, Clerk; Robt Goodall, Sheriff.

AT MIDDLETOWN.
H. W. Smith and John T. Staff, Judges; Wm. Waters, Clerk; Ed. Brindley, Sheriff.

AT BOSTON.
T. J. Conner and J. G. Melone, Judges; Jas. Morris, Clerk; L. Y. Melone, Sheriff.

AT FISHERVILLE.
A. J. Conn and J. T. Reid, Judges; W. D. Scearce, Clerk; —— Driskill, Sheriff.

AT JEFFERSONTOWN.
J. N. Briscoe and A. G. Watts, Judges; Geo. Yeager, Clerk; Harry Goose, Sheriff.

AT HAYS' SPRING.
J. A. Hays and Dr. Abe Groves, Judges; O. C. Curry, Clerk; Price Henry, Sheriff.

AT TWO-MILE HOUSE.
Robt. Ayeres and Geo. Hikes, Judges; W. H. Milton, Clerk; T. J. Parker, Sheriff.

AT CROSS-ROADS.
Geo. L. Gallbreath and Leven Cooper, Judges; Tho. P. Cooper Clerk; J. F. Gallbreath, Sheriff.

AT WOODS'.
Robt. Baslin and Wm. Murray, Judges; Enos Murray, Clerk; Merit Griffin, Sheriff.

AT LOWER PONDS.
M. N. Rerugh and Thos Deal, Judges; Virgil Nourse, Clerk; Mat. Speed, Sheriff.

AT SHIVELY'S STORE.
James McDaniel and Nelson Dorsey, Judges; W. H. Shively, Clerk, Wm. Shively, Sheriff.

AT SCHARDINE'S.
Jas. Thornberry and H. W. Norton, Judges; Edward Miller, Clerk; Jno. Schardine, Jr., Sheriff.

AT CANE RUN.
R. N. Miller and P. H. Antle, Judges; J. T. Miller, Clerk; Victor Stoltz, Sheriff.

AT BLANKENBAKER'S.
Ormsby Hite and Geo. P. Doern, Judges; Victor Knoedler, Clerk; —— Boone, Sheriff.

AT SPRING GARDEN.
Jacob Augustus and ——Stoll, Judges; Saml. McCarty, Clerk; C. H. Anspp, Sheriff.

FOR THE CITY.

FIRST WARD.
First Precinct—Thos. Clark and John Gay, Judges; Syrus Young, Clerk; Jno. Childers, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—Lewis Stoll and H. F. Vissman, Judges; J. B. Gregory, Clerk; Mort. Love, Sheriff.

SECOND WARD.
First Precinct—James Dozier and George L. Abrams Judges; Geo. Jonas, Clerk; —— Bush, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—J. D. Orrill and H. Hornett, Judges; F. Van Seggern, Clerk; Chris. Myers, Sheriff.

THIRD WARD.
First Precinct—W. F. Ruble and Wm. Davis, Judges; Geo. H. Tingley, Clerk; John Arnold, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—J. S. Alford and David Rose, Judges; W. H. Bartholomew, Clerk; Henry Lauer, Sheriff.

FOURTH WARD.
First Precinct—John Connell and William O'Connor, Judges; Wm. Bryant, Clerk; J. C. Hill, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—J. W. Osborne and John Dohl, Judges; W. G. Dinwiddie, Clerk; Jas. O'Bryant, Sheriff.
Third Precinct—John Oldham and P. M. Campion, Judges; Thos. P. Shanks, Clerk; Henry Rowland, Sheriff.

FIFTH WARD.
First Precinct—S. Oyler and Corbin Taylor, Judges; H. T. Jefferson, Clerk; —— ——, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—J. S. Hubbard and A. S. Woodruff, Judges; W. H. Watts, Clerk; F. W. Hall, Sheriff.

SIXTH WARD.
First Precinct—J. M. Stephens and John Shalcross, Judges; J. Bull, Clerk; Wm. Cross, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—Thos. Mitchell and P. B. Smert, Judges; J. D. Seaton, Clerk; Chas. S. Ovington, Sheriff.

SEVENTH WARD.
First Precinct—W. G. Timberlake and H. S. Tyler, Judges; P. G. Miner, Clerk; A. G. Addis, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—E. Cook and Wm. Semple, Judges; Southern Kalfus, Clerk; S. Glossbrenner, Sheriff.

EIGHTH WARD.
First Precinct—Jno. Price and Dennis Lincoln, Judges; Brent Hopkins, Clerk; James Malone, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—Jos. Clemen and W. A. Malley, Judges; Geo. Mulliken, Clerk; K. W. Rutledge, Sheriff.

NINTH WARD.
First Precinct—T. H. Crawford, J. R. Brown, Judges; A. A. Martin, Clerk; Ed. Meekin, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—John Gill and W. J. Cornell, Judges; W. S. Beatty, Clerk; Sam. Graham, Sheriff.

TENTH WARD.
First Precinct—R. P. Lightburn and J. M. Alexander, Judges; L. Langoff, Clerk; John Rush, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—E. S. Kelsy and James Kell, Judges; Wm. Latamer, Clerk; Jas. Leonard, Sheriff.
Third Precinct—A. W. Waller and Saml. Brownlng, Judges; Geo. Levi, Clerk; John Kline, Sheriff.

ELEVENTH WARD.
First Precinct—Jacob Lonnon and John Dayton, Judges; John Coult, Jr., Clerk; Casper Hehle, Sheriff.
Second Precinct—Paul Villier and Jas. Armstrong, Judges; Ambrose Arnold, Clerk; B. Wilson, Sheriff.

All which is ordered to be certified, which is done.

A copy, attest: T. JACK CONN,
Clerk Jefferson County Court.

An election will be held in the following Districts, to fill vacancies:

First District Louisville, composed of the First, Second, Third and Fourth wards, one Justice of the Peace; Lower Ponds, one Justice of the Peace and one Constable; Cross Roads, one Constable; Wood's, one Constable; Jeffersontown, one Constable, and Blankenbaker's, one Constable, to serve until May, 1865.

jy23 dtd W. A. RONALD, S. J. C.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

New Remedies and Quick Cures.

DR. C. H. BURTON,

FROM THE EAST, HAS PERMANENTLY OPENED an office on Jefferson street, between Jackson and Hancock, Louisville, Ky., for the speedy cure of

Sexual and Seminal Diseases,

Such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, Uterine Hemorrhage, Dysmenorrhea, Uterine Leucorrhea, Catarrh of the Bladder, and all other afflictions of the urinary apparatus, seminal weakness, impotency and

Skin Diseases of Years Standing,

And ulcerated sores successfully treated without the use of mercury or any other poisonous drugs.

Persons at a distance may be cured at home by addressing a letter to Dr. Burton, stating case, symptoms and length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded, free from damage or curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use.

Married Men,

Or those contemplating marriage, who are suffering under any of those fearful maladies should not forget the sacred responsibility resting upon them, nor delay to obtain immediate relief.

TO THE LADIES—DR. C. H. BURTON'S FEMALE PILLS.

These pills, by long experience in private practice, have been found the most useful remedy against those general complaints the female sex are subject to, such as suppressions, irregularities, whites, falling of the womb, tumors, all urinary diseases, nervous debility, &c.

Persons calling at Dr. Burton's office, or sending for packages of medicines, may rely upon his assurance of confidential secrecy with implicit faith and expect no more than to be charged with a fair and mutually satisfactory remuneration for services rendered.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Remember the name. DR. C. H. BURTON,
jy28 d6* Box 145, Louisville Postoffice.

Daily Democrat.

TELEGRAPHIC.

YESTERDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

Latest News from Gen. Sherman's Army.

No Fighting at Atlanta Since Friday Last.

Our Troops Gradually Investing the City.

General Hunter's Request to be Relieved Granted.

General Crook Appointed to Succeed Him.

The Maryland Raid about Ended.

Report of Early Being Re-enforced Untrue.

Gens. Averill and Kelly not Killed.

Arrival of Rebel Prisoners at Wheeling, Va.

An Order from the War Department.

Gen. Crook to Command the Department of Western Virginia.

Grant Sending His Sick and Wounded to Washington.

The Fords of the Susquehanna to be Fortified.

[Special to the Tribune.]

NEW YORK, July 28.

The Government has received dispatches from Sherman to-day, stating no fighting has occurred since Friday last. Atlanta is being gradually invested by our troops, who were intrenching themselves as they progressed.

Intelligence of the successful result of a cavalry raid on the road leading from Atlanta to Macon is hourly expected.

There seemed to be no disposition yet on the part of the rebels to evacuate, and it is probable the city will not be taken without a severe struggle and regular investment and siege.

The Herald's Washington special says it is reported that Hunter's request to be relieved of his command has been acceeded to, and Gen. Crook has just been appointed Brevet Major General, who succeeds him.

The rebel raid appears to have dwindled into a comparatively small affair. We understand the Government is in receipt of information that Hill's rebel corps, which was reported to have re-enforced Early, is still at Petersburg. The column which has been operating in the Valley is only a portion of that which participated in the late invasion.

There is a general feeling here that the affair is about over, and that, when the forces which are en route to the scene of action shall arrive, the rebels will be gone. It is certain they have not crossed the Potomac, and it is believed the evacuation of Martinsburg was unnecessary.

[Special to the World.]

WASHINGTON, July 27.

More definite intelligence is being developed regarding the rebel advance on the upper Potomac since the fight on Saturday last, not Sunday, as heretofore published, in front of Winchester. The enemy made no new demonstration beyond occupying Martinsburg on Sunday and Monday. There is good authority for stating they evacuated that place yesterday and have not, as yet, appeared at any of the Potomac fords. It is believed to be only a portion of Early's force that advanced so far up the valley. The cavalry succeeded in removing all supplies at Martinsburg across the Potomac at Williamsport, which place is held by our forces. Last night our troops held Harper's Ferry, Maryland Hights and Hagerstown, and not even rebel cavalry had been seen in Maryland. The report that A. P. Hill's corps had joined Early's forces, while they are known to be those that occupied Winchester, is untrue, as Grant is stated to have telegraphed that Hill's corps is still in front of Petersburg.

NEW YORK, July 28.

Gen. Sanford returned from Washington last night, having succeeded in obtaining from the War Department that such of the one-hundred days' men from this State as may be in the service at the time of the draft will be exempt.

The Herald has the following from the Department of Western Virginia:

General Averill is neither killed nor wounded; the same of Gen. Kelly.

The reports in regard to the capture made of prisoners by the enemy are much exaggerated.

On Sunday 159 prisoners, recently captured by Generals Crook and Averill, arrived at Wheeling, and are to be forwarded elsewhere.

WASHINGTON, July 27.

General Grant is clearing out his camp and hospitals and sending the sick and wounded to Washington. Several hundred arrived here to-day, among them a number of officers.

The following order has just been issued by the War Department:

WAR DEPARTMENT, July 26, 1864.

General Order No. 234]

Brevet Major General Crook is specially assigned by the President to command in the Department of Western Virginia, with the rank and pay of brevet Major General.

By direction of the President, Major General Wm. A. Emory is assigned to duty according to his Brevet of Major General.

WASHINGTON, July 27.

The Tribune's special from Washington says Gen. Grant to day, in reply to a telegram addressed to him by the President as to whether any considerable body of rebel troops had left his front to re-enforce Early and Breckinridge, replied that the rebel army at Petersburg was as strong as ever; that he did not believe that any considerable force had been sent to the valley.

No news has been received here from the Upper Potomac.

The fords of the Susquehanna are to be fortified. Engineers were sent to Harrisburg today for that purpose.

[Special to the World.]

WASHINGTON, July 28.

Letters from the army of the Potomac state that a heavy artillery duel took place on Monday along the line. The rebels, evidently, thought something was about to take place on our part, but they were mistaken.

Rawlings and Collamer, of Frantz's staff, returned to the army to-day.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.

The Democrat publishes a long account of the conspiracy for the erection of a Northwestern Confederacy referred to a few days since. The organization engaged in this conspiracy is known as the Order of Knights, and its real object to to embarrass and thwart the Government in the conduct of the war, and overthrow of the Government is necessary for supremecy.

Its professions and purpose are different in the different States; it proclaims a war policy in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and other Eastern States, while in the West it is for peace. The order is of Southern origin, being erected on the ruins of the Knights of the Golden Circle by Gen. Sterling Price, supreme commander. Vallandigham, while in Richmond, was made supreme commander of the Northern section by order, and a conspiracy was entered into between him and the rebel authorities to divide the East and West, and thus aid the Southern rebellion.

Vallandigham's sojourn in Canada was principally for the purpose of furthering this scheme. He held conference with some of the leading spirits in the North soon after arriving in Canada, and arranged for the establishment of the order throughout the loyal States and Mexico. All who visited him at the Clifton House—among them Wm R. Reid, of Pa., Pendleton and Pugh, of Ohio, Kibbin, of St. Louis, Story and Merrick of Chicago—are published.

The result of this conference also is known to the Government alone. On the 1st of January Vallandigham issued an address to the lodges of all the States, in which he calls upon the members to renew their vows, and says the time is approaching which will test their sincerity; that the prosecuted war is a violation of the rights of States, and that President Lincoln is a usurper.

A meeting of the Grand Commanders of the different States was held in New York on the 22d of February for the purpose of organizing an outbreak.

The 10th of March is the day fixed for the draft, but no definite plan is resolved upon. The names of these conspirators is also known. The same Commanders held a convocation with the Supreme Commanders at Windsor, C. W., early in April, for a general consultation.

Among those in attendance were McMasters, of New York, Chas. L. Hunt, of St. Louis, and Lafayette Develin, of Indiana. The programme adopted at this meeting was, that Vallandigham should represent his District in Ohio in the Democratic National Convention, there to proclaim the doctrine and order all present to pronounce the existing administration of the Government a power usurped, which the people had a right to expel by force if necessary, in fact, inaugurating a rebellion in the North, where he was supported by the order.

The Grand Commander was to have armed a body guard at each convention for the defense of Vallandigham. This, it was thought, would precipitate the people of a few States into armed conflict, and would be a signal for members of the order to unite against lawful authorities, and to kill and capture civil and military officers, and to secure the public property of all kinds and proclaim the overthrow of the Government.

There is the most convincing evidence of truthfulness in this statement. The reason of Vallandigham's sudden return to Ohio was, that he feared being defeated as delegate to Chicago, and it was only by his presence his election was secured.

The numerical strength of this order is said to be considerable over half a million, 150 000 of whom are an armed organization. In New York the organization is called McClellan Minute Men, and numbers over 200,000.

The Grand Commander in Missouri is Chas. L. Hunt, nephew of James H. Lucas. Deputy Grand Commander, Charles E. Dunn, city officer, St. Louis.

The list of names and number of the Order in the different States, together with full information concerning who the scheme is in the hands of, the authorities at Washington will probably give to the public to-morrow.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.

Gentlemen from Baltimore report great ignorance there regarding military movements. The city is quiet, but intense anxiety for suppressed news, caused the most improbable rumors—among others that the brokers and public officers are preparing to remove their valuables from the city.

Our informant believes that a raid into Pennsylvania is the object of the rebels, but before they can get there they must defeat our forces, which are now threatening their right wing.

WASHINGTON, July 28.

The latest authentic intelligence is, that General Kelly has occupied Martinsburg.

There has been no heavy fighting the past three or four days, and no information that the rebels have re-crossed into Maryland.

The rebels occupy Falling Water, on the Virginia side, and our forces Williamsport, on the Maryland side, the contest being for the ford.

There is no evidence that Early has been re-enforced.

The affair at Winchester, Saturday, where Col. Mulligan was wounded, was only a skirmish. General Crook was forced to retreat, finding his small command flanked.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.

The Evening Telegraph has the following: *Washington, July 28.*—The arrival of the mail boat from City Point brings intelligence of great interest from Grant. Government only allows this announcement at present.

NASHVILLE, July 28.

One thousand and twenty-five rebel prisoners, including sixty-four commissioned officers, arrived here this morning, captured near Atlanta in the battles from the 19th to the 22d. They comprise troops from nearly all the Southern States. Officers are one Colonel, one Lieutenant Colonel and one Major; the balance are low officers.

BALTIMORE, July 28.

Dispatches from Frederick to the American to-day say all is quiet here. News from the front looks favorable. We still hold Harper's Ferry. There is still some uneasiness on the N. C. roads, and apprehensions of a raid. Orders are issued to remove all rolling stock.

CINCINNATI, July 28.

River fallen 2 inches. Weather clear. Thermometer 90; barometer 29.65.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.

THE UNDERSIGNED LOST HIS DISCHARGE PApers, on Tuesday night in one of our public streets. The finder, who will return it to me, at Balmer's tavern, Market street, between Fifth and Sixth, will receive five dollars reward.
jy28 d3 [eh Anz] JOSEPH BRINKLENBER.

LOST,

ON FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND THE river, a sum of MONEY in one of Adams Express Envelopes, unsealed, between the hours of six and seven o'clock, on Tuesday evening. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office, or to N. W. BURGHER's Coal Office, east side Fourth street, between Main and the river. jy27 d3

CONNECTICUT
Mutual Life Insuance Company
OF HARTFORD.
INCORPORATED IN 1846.

Accumulated Capital over ... $6,000,000 00
Liabilities to Nov. 1st, 1863, from Commissioner's Report ... 3,724 581 86
Ratio of expenses to receipts for 18 years, is 7 9 10 per cent.

A COMPANY SHOULD SHOW ITS LIABILITIES and ratio of expenses, as well as its assets. People should investigate before insuring. This Company is purely mutual. No stock or guarantee fund to absorb the profits; but all the surplus is annually credited to the policy holders as dividends, in proportion to the amount of renewals, premiums after the first four years. Over two millions four hundred and sixty-eight thousand dollars have been refunded to policy-holders in dividends or surplus premiums.

The surplus or profits from last year's business, to be paid in 1867, is nine hundred and ninety-seven thousand eight hundred and eighty-one dollars.

This Company has issued the largest number of policies of any Company in the United States.

Its economy has permitted large dividends, which have averaged 50 per cent. Furnishes insurance in all the various forms. A life policy by one payment, with profits. A life policy by ten annual payments, with profits. This Company issued last year 5,270 policies. Surely this is the Company to insure with.

JAMES GOODWIN, Pres.
Z. PRESTON, Vice Pres.
GUY R. PHELPS, Sec'y.

WM. RYAN, State Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office—Hamilton Bro.'s Bank Building, corner Sixth and Main streets, room No. 11.
Office hours—From 7 to 10 A. M. and 4 to 7 P. M.
jy25 deod&3H

Gray's Patent Molded Collars

HAVE NOW BEEN BEFORE THE PUBLIC FOR nearly a year. They are universally pronounced the neatest and best fitting collars extant.

The upper edge presents a perfect curve, free from the angles noticed in all other collars.

The cravat causes no puckers on the inside of the turn-down collar—they are AS SMOOTH INSIDE AS OUTSIDE—and therefore perfectly free and easy to the neck.

The Garotte Collar has a smooth and evenly finished edge on BOTH SIDES.

These Collars are not simply flat pieces of paper cut in the form of a collar, but are MOLDED AND SHAPED TO FIT THE NECK.

They are made in "Novelty" (or turn down style); in every half size from 12 to 17 inches, and in "Eureka," (or Garotte), from 13 to 17 inches; and packed in "solid sizes" in neat blue cartoons, containing 100 each; also in smaller ones of 10 each—the latter a very handy package for Travellers, Army and Navy Officers.

EVERY COLLAR is stamped "GRAY'S PATENT MOLDED COLLAR."

Sold by all dealers in Men's Furnishing Goods. The Trade supplied by
J. VON BORIES & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in Cloths and Gent's Furnishing Goods, 434 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
my14 deod3m

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.
Medical Department.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL commence on the first Monday in October, 1864, and continue four months.

BENJAMIN R. PALMER, M.D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
J. LAWRENCE SMITH, M.D., Professor of Chemistry.
THEODORE S. BELL, M.D., Professor of the Science and Practice of Medicine.
LLEWELLYN POWELL, M.D., Professor of Obstetric Medicine.
J. W. BENSON, M.D., Professor of Anatomy, and Dean of the Faculty.
LEWIS ROGERS, M.D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
GEORGE W. BAYLESS, M.D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
THOMAS P. SATTERWHITE, M.D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

For further information or circular address
J. W. BENSON, M.D.,
Dean of the Faculty.
jy20 deod2w&wlm

LAW DEPARTMENT
—OF THE—
UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the first Monday in October, and continue five months. The Faculty consists of:

Hon. HENRY PIRTLE, LL. D., Professor of Constitutional Law, Equity and Commercial Law.

Hon. WILLIAM F. BULLOCK, Professor of the Law of Real Property, the Law of Contracts, and Criminal Law.

Hon. PETER B. MUIR, Professor of the History and Science of Law, International Law, and the Practice of Law including Pleading and Evidence and Codes of Practice.

All communications to this Department should be addressed to PROF. PIRTLE.

JAMES GUTHRIE,
President, &c.
jy25 d2aw&wtar15

Exchange on Montreal and London.

SIGHT EXCHANGE FOR SALE ON THE BANK OF British North America, Montreal, Canada, and Union Bank of London, England, and Letters of Credit, available by travelers, issued by the Franklin Bank of Kentucky.
jy22 d2awlm J. D. O'LEARY, Cashier.

GREGORY HOUSE,
TILFORD & THOMPSON, Proprietors,
Corner of Floyd and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky.

HAVING CHANGED HANDS AND BEEN NEWLY fitted up, is now open for the accommodation of ten or twenty regular boarders, and for transient custom. No pains spared in waiting on all. jy13 d&wl12

LARD.—50 KEGS PRIME LEAF LARD IN STORE and for sale by
jy21 T. L. JEFFERSON.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

House for Rent and Furniture for Sale.

A GOOD HOUSE, PLEASANTLY LOCATED, rent reasonable. The Furniture is new, well-selected, and will be sold low. Apply on the premises, No. 508 First street, between Green and Walnut, west side, or 718 Main street. jy28 d3

For Sale.

$2,000 WORTH OF SCHOOL BOOKS, STAtionery and novels will be sold for real estate, either in Louisville, New Albany or Jeffersonville. For particulars apply at No. 330 Third street. jy28 d6*

House and Lot for Sale.

A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, CONTAINing 6 rooms, good garret, cellar and cistern; also, a good coal house, on Madison street, below Fourteenth. Apply at this office. jy28 d6*

Land for Sale.

20 ACRES OF LAND, SUITABLE FOR GARDEN-ing purposes, situated on the Shippingport road, within three-fourths of a mile of the city limits. Apply to H. Musselman, O'Bannon's Postoffice, Jefferson county, Ky., or to
T. T. SUMMERS, Jefferson st.,
jy9 deodtf bet. Second and Third, Louisville.

For Sale to Close Business.

MY HEALTH NOT PERMITTING A CONTINUAtion of business, I offer my entire stock of GROCERIES for sale at satisfactory prices.

My stock is large and well assorted, consisting in part of 75 hhds New Orleans Sugar, 100 bags Coffee, &c., and will be sold for CASH.

A rare chance is here offered to any one wishing to embark in the Wholesale Grocery business.
jy27 d6 J. H. McMAHAN.

Louisville Democrat insert one week and send bill to Ledger office.—New Albany Ledger.

For Sale.

SEVERAL HOUSES AND LOTS. ALSO, ILLINOIS and Iowa lands. C. H. BARKLEY,
jy27 d10 Jefferson street, near Fifth.

For Sale or Rent.

WISHING TO MOVE TO LOUISVILLE, I will sell or rent my Farm, on the Ohio river, six miles above Cloverport, Ky., containing 675 acres of bottom land, 300 acres in cultivation, 210 acres in meadow and the balance in other crops. The buildings are new, comprising a good dwelling, barns, stables, hay press, sheds and tenant houses. I wish to sell the hay, secured in barns and stacks, the growing crops, stock and farming implements. Address
jy26 dlm JAS. O. STEPHENS, Cloverport, Ky.

For Sale—Rare Chance.

AN EXCELLENT STAND AND FIXTURES, LOcated on Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson. For further particulars address Postoffice Box No. 820. jy26 d6

For Rent.

A STORE, ON THE CORNER OF BROADWAY and Eighteenth street, and fixtures and stock for sale if required. Also, the privilege of from one to five years' lease. Inquire on the premises, of Thos. Sale, or of BERNARD MURRAY,
jy26 d6* Main st., bet. Seventh and Eighth.

FOR SALE.

THE BRICK HOUSE AND LOT KNOWN AS the WILLIAM TELL HOUSE, on the north side of Market street, between Fourth and Fifth. Apply to W. E. GRINSTEAD, No. 330 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth. jy26 d6*

For Sale or Rent,

LOCUST GROVE, SITUATED ON THE BARDStown road, in a healthy and delightful neighborhood, about 4 miles from the Courthouse. The house contains 12 rooms, a good cellar, cistern, all necessary out-buildings, and an abundance of water. There are nearly 5 acres of land, well improved with a fine garden and choice fruit trees. There is also on the premises an excellent brick school house, 40 feet by 24, with desks and seats of modern improvement, sufficient to accommodate over 80 pupils. For further particulars apply to OSBORNE & McATEER,
No. 424 Jefferson st., near Fifth.
Or to the undersigned, on the premises.
jy25 dlm JAMES McBURNIE.

FOR SALE,
IN
Jeffersonville, Indiana.

LOT No. 227, ON SPRING STREET, BETWEEN Maple and New Market, 60 feet front by 210 deep.

One desirable two-story Dwelling House, with seven or eight rooms, good cellar, cistern, &c., on a lot 35 by 200 feet, on the south side of Market street, between Mulberry and Clark, now occupied by W. Patrick.

Also, one two-story Brick House, two squares below the above, on same street (Market), occupied by Mrs. Wallace.

Address, or apply to O. VERHOEFF,
jy23 d13 110 Fourth st., bet. Main and River.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE MY FARM, IN SHELby county, Ky., containing about two hundred acres, situated six miles south of Shelbyville, near to the Shelbyville and Taylorsville turnpike road, and on the waters of Guest's creek. The land is in good order, and here is a stone fence of about 300 rods on the land. It is in fine condition for cultivation, and fencing all in good repair. There is a young orchard and plenty of water on the land.
jy2 d&wtf H. A. WILLIAMS.

House and Lot For Sale.

WE WISH TO SELL THE HOUSE AND LOT, corner of First and Walnut streets, known as the Postlethwaite House. This is very desirable property. Possession given immediately. Inquire on the premises. We will take great pleasure in showing the property. J. H. BATMAN,
jy16 d10* C. E. POWARD.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER OF LOTS LOCATED UPON TWENtieth street, between Grayson and Walnut and Chestnut streets, 30x96 feet. Also, on Chestnut a rest between Fifteenth and Sixteenth, 30x165 feet to an alley. Now is the time to buy—a good place to invest your greenbacks. Apply to THOS. A. HUKLEY,
je22 d&wtf Green st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

RAILROAD FARM
FOR SALE.

MY FARM OF ONE HUNDRED AND fifty acres, lying in Oldham county, Ky., adjoining the town of Lagrange, is offered for sale. The greater portion of said Farm is cleared; there is plenty of timber and fire wood, several never failing springs, and a fine young orchard of select peach and apple trees (1,500), in fine condition, besides other varieties of fruit, in bearing order. The situation is healthy, society good, schools and churches convenient, and only a few minutes' walk from the railroad station. Any one wishing to invest present currency in good estate will now have a good opportunity to do so; and those wishing to examine the premises will call on F. M. Barbour, at Lagrange, for further particulars, who is fully authorized to sell the same. Improvements are moderately good. [jy8 dlm] GEO. T. BARBOUR.

Farm for Sale,

SITUATED ON SILVER CREEK, 3½ miles from New Albany, Clark county, Ind., containing 83 acres, 65 of which is in cultivation, the balance in timber. There is 20 acres of meadow, sowed this year in oats and timothy, and from 2 to 3 acres in grapes, in fine order; also, good orchard of fruit, and excellent water. There is a frame house on the premises, with three rooms, kitchen, smoke and milk house, and barn, stable, cow house, chicken house and corn crib. This is a very desirable form. For further particulars apply to A. Borie, 3d street, or to Mr. Jacob Heyce, Market street, near upper Fifteenth street, New Albany, Ind. jel0 dtf

For Sale,

AN ENGINE OF 12-INCH DIAMETER OF CYLINder and 30 inch stroke, mounted on a substantial cast iron bed frame, having double slide valve, Judson governor valve, with main shaft and fly wheel 10 feet diameter, and one 5 foot pulley 14 inch face. Also pumps, pulleys and shaft and all necessary piping to connect engine, boiler and pumps. Also two Boilers 30 feet long, 40-inch diameter, with double flues 14 inch diameter. The engine is as good as new, having been in use only four months, and is of the best make. The boilers are also in excellent condition. Inquire of
ap6 dtf AINSLEY & COCHRAN, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED.

Information Wanted.

MY SON CHARLES, WHILST LABORING UNDER aberation of mind, left his home, on the evening of the 26th inst., and I cannot find, or hear anything of him since that time. He was dressed in dark pants, and had on a boy's hat and a white shirt. He is about 21 years old, and slim built. Any one knowing anything of him who will aid him and bring him to me or give me any information where he is, shall be paid for their trouble. Any information concerning him will give great relief to his family.
JOS. CLEMENT, Court Place.
Residence east side of Seventh st. ect, between Chestnut and Broadway. jy28 d3*

Teamsters Wanted.

WE WISH TO EMPLOY SIX GOOD TEAMSTERS to drive coal carts. Good wages and steady employment. Apply at Bowser & Fults' coal scales, at the foot of First street.
jy28 d3 BOWSER & FULTS.

Wanted to Rent, or Buy,

A NEAT, MODERATE SIZED DWELLING, IN a good neighborhood; or a cottage with large yard, for cash. Price from $3,000 to $7,000. Address "T.," Postoffice. jy26 d6*

Wanted,

A GOOD GERMAN GIRL, TO DO HOUSEWORK. None need apply unless well recommended.
EDW. WILDER,
jy27 d3 Corner Fifth and Broadway.

Wanted.

A NO. 1 COOK, GERMAN OR IRISH, IMMEDIATEly. One who can come well recommended can get a good situation by applying at the Democrat office.
jy26 d6

Pianist Wanted.

A PIANIST WANTED TO TRAVEL WITH A PANORAMA. One who is also a vocalist would be preferred. Address "J. B.," at the Democrat office until Saturday. jy26 d3*

WANTED.

AN INTEREST IN SOME BUSINESS HOUSE. CAN furnish one to two thousand dollars capital; either a Grocery, Restaurant, Saloon, or Tavern. Address D. H., Postoffice, Louisville. jy23 d6*

Substitutes Wanted.

THREE OR FOUR MEN TO GO AS SUBSTITUTES men who are not liable to draft. Inquire at the clerk's desk, Democrat office. jy6 dtf

WANTED.

10,000 BUSHELS OF BARLEY.
PETER MERKEL,
jy16 dtf Corner Jefferson and Wenzel streets.

Wanted.

1,000 HORSES AND 500 MULES, for which the highest market prices will be paid. Call at
DAVIS & BACONS'
Livery and Sale Stable,
jy13 dlm Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth.

1,000 Mules Wanted,

THREE YEARS OLD AND UPWARDS, 14 hands and upwards high, in good order, for which we will pay the highest price. at J. L. Reynolds & Son's Stable.
ap2 dtf REYNOLDS & TAYLOR.

STRAYED & STOLEN.

STOLEN,

ON THE NIGHT OF THE 20th INST., A bay Horse, from the subscriber, Harrison Taylor, in Shelby county, near Bagdad. Said horse is about sixteen hands high, ten years old, rather thin, star in the forehead, snip on the nose, some white feet, perhaps three, rather low carriage, walks and trots, has a long back, marked with the harness. I will give a liberal reward for the horse, delivered to me, or where I can get him. jy23

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. W. WILKES, JR.,

106 Main st., North side, near Fourth.

Mill & Factory Findings,
Rubber Belting,
Leather Belting,
Bolting Cloth,
Machine Cards,
Carding Machines,
Cotton Gins,
Cotton Warps,
Wove Wire Screenery,
Cotton Cards,
Gum Hose and Packing,
Sheet Metals, all kinds,
Lace Leather & Rivets,
Wires of all kinds,
Sieves, Riddles & Screens,
Fan Mill Materials,

With all other articles necessary for
Mills, Factories, Foundries, Railroads, &c., &c.

WOOL taken in exchange or for cash.
Send for Catalogues. oc8 d&wly

Diarrhœa
—AND—
FLUX.
STRICKLAND'S
Anti-Cholera Mixture,

IS A COMPOSITION OF ASTRINGENTS, ABSORBents, stimulants and carminatives, which every physician acknowledges is the only preparation that will effect a permanent cure of Diarrhœa and Dysentery. This Anti-Cholera Mixture is now in use in several of our army hospitals, where it gives the greatest satisfaction. It has saved the lives of thousands of our soldiers and citizens, and we will guarantee it to be the best remedy in the world for Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

Mr. Woods, at Covington, Ky., will be most happy to satisfy any one as to the virtues of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture; in fact, we have a great number of testimonials from patients who have been cured after being pronounced incurable by their physicians, some after taking only one bottle of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. If you suffer with Diarrhœa and Dysentery, try one bottle.

SOLDIERS,

You ought not to be without such a valuable medicine. The Cincinnati National Union, of April 24th, says, that thousands of our soldiers have been saved by the use of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. For sale by Druggists at 50 cents per bottle. my12

S. B. McGILL,
IMPORTER OF
GERMAN, FRENCH & TURKISH GOODS
AND DEALER IN
Havana Cigars, Virginia & Kentucky Tobacco, Clear Cases, Tobacco Boxes, Tobacco Pouches, Pipe Stems, Cigar Tubes, and Every variety of
TOBACCO, SMOKERS' Articles.
Meerschaum, Brier Wood, Imitation Meerschaum, Rubber, Rose Wood, And Cedar
PIPES.
307 Green St. Bet. Third & Fourth, **Louisville.**
Virginia, Turkish, Green Seal, and Smoking Tobacco of every grade and style. 1e6 d&wly

FOUNT EVERHART. A. C. HEMING.

EVERHART & HEMING,
36 Market st., two doors above Third,

HAVE NOW ON HAND AND ARE CONSTANTLY receiving their

Spring and Summer Wear,

SUCH AS LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SLIPPERS, GAITERS AND BOOTEES.

Also, a general assortment of Gentlemen's and Boys' Spring and Summer Wear. Also, have a large assortment of

HOME-MADE WORK,

and are manufacturing daily both Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

No trouble to show goods, and those sold that do not suit will be exchanged or money refunded.
mr16 EVERHART & HEMING.

TWO WOOD YARDS
Permanently Located.

A Large Quantity of Sound, Seasoned Wood Always on Hand, Sawed and Split, Ready for Immediate Use.

CITIZENS OF LOUISVILLE! THIRTY PER CENT. can be saved by purchasing Wood from the

Louisville Wood Company,
N. S. LONG & CO., Agents.

OFFICES.

Principal Office, Fifth street and Court Place, between Market and Jefferson, basement story.
Corner of Main and Hancock streets.
Corner of Twelfth and Green streets.
Chestnut street, between Jackson and Hancock, at Hugh McConnel's.
Corner of Tenth and Walnut streets.
Corner of Eleventh and Main streets.
Orders respectfully solicited. oc

Opened Again.

MAMMOTH CAVE HOTEL,

J. Q. & E. K. OWSLEY, Proprietors,
MAMMOTH CAVE, KY.

GOOD AND ELEGANT COACHES MAKE CLOSE connections with the trains on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, at Cave City, and every arrangement has been made to make this place interesting and a pleasant resort for visitors and persons desiring a summer resort. Season now open. Good and faithful guides employed. J. Q. & E. K. OWSLEY,
mr30 dtf Proprietors.

JOHN B. CARR. DANIEL RYAN.

CARR & RYAN,
PRACTICAL
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS
—AND—
PLUMBERS,
Medical College Building, corner of Fifth and Green Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WATER PIPES, HYDRANTS, HOSE, BATH TUBS, Shower Baths, Water Closets, Washstands, Force and Lift Pumps for Wells and Cisterns.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Gas Fixtures, Brass Work & Steam Valves.
Jobbing promptly attended to. my20 dtf

WILLIAM T. SAMUELS,
Attorney at Law
AND
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,
FRANKFORT, KY.

Special attention given to the collection of all claims confided to him in the State of Kentucky. fe26

OUNCE HATS,
JEDDO HATS,
—AND—
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
AT
OSBORN'S,
225 Main Street,
Between Second and Third.

CHARLES J. CLARKE PROPOSES TO ATTEND TO the settlement of Claims on the Treasury and all Government Departments, soldiers' back pay and bounties, pensions of all sorts, &c. Persons entrusting them personal attention at Washington. Legal instruments of all kinds prepared, such as deeds, mortgages, bonds, wills, &c. Titles examined when desired. Also, attend to any business pertaining to the duties of a U. S. Commissioner. Office southwest corner of Main and Second streets, up stairs, Louisville, Ky. jy20 d*

Fresh Saratoga Water.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE SPRING, A LOT OF Saratoga Empire Water, a delightful and wholesome drink at this season. For sale in four dozen cases, or by the dozen.
jyl dlm WILSON & PETER, Agents.

Choice Teas and Fine Groceries.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE TEAS AND fine Groceries on hand and for sale low.
JAS. T. LANHAM,
mr10 Importer of Teas, &c., 313 Third st.

MEDICAL.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, IND., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co.—Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from anything. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that anything you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully
Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan, of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leuchorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhoea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration* of the *uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes: "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER—Sir: I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July.

DR. J. C. AYER—Sir: I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine.
J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried everything, and everything failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and anything you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

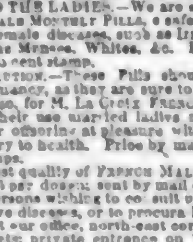
Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by ED. WILDER, Louisville.
Wholesale agent, and by all Druggists
au1 deod and dealers in Medicines.

AN INDIAN'S REMEDY.
CLEANSING AND TONIC BITTERS.

R. A. SHRADER, No. 310 MARKET STREET, NORTH side, a few doors above Brook, is the proprietor and manufacturer of the "PERFILLERATING BITTERS," an Indian Remedy, that, for the cure of all affections of the Kidneys and Liver, Dropsy, Secondary Syphilis, or ordinary Cuticle Eruptions, and as a general Purifier of the Blood, is unsurpassed. This Bitters has effected many permanent cures in the most obstinate and long standing cases that had baffled medical treatment until they were pronounced hopeless. Those afflicted would do well to try this superior remedy. Mr. Shrader can show the recommendations and certificates of well known citizens who have been relieved and cured by its use.

Call and get it and try it. There is no mistake about it. It is a sovereign remedy in diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood. my30 dtf

DR. GATES'
PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY.



THOSE AFFLICTED WITH any disease of a PRIVATE NATURE, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Primary or Secondary Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, or any disease of the Genital or Urinary Organs, or persons suffering in mind or body from the effects of Self-Pollution, before imparting the secret to any one should first read our New Treatise on Sexual Debility and diseases of the Genital Organs of both sexes; sent by mail to any address in a sealed envelope, on receipt of one three cent stamp.

TO THE LADIES.—We are agents for Mad. Capreul's FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, a safe and effectual remedy for all female diseases, such as Irregularities, Obstructions of the Menses, Whites, &c. Price by mail, $1 and one three cent stamp.

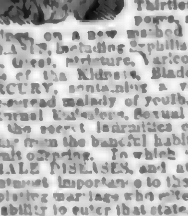
CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken during pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

Also, for M. La Croix FRENCH PREVENTIVE POWDERS. By their use married ladies may limit the number of their offspring at pleasure without the least danger of injury to health. Price by mail, $2 and two three cent stamps.

Best quality of FRENCH MALE SAFES, at 50 cents each, or $4 per dozen; sent by mail on receipt of price.

Persons wishing to consult us personally on any of the above diseases, or to procure Pills or Powders, will find us at our office, north-east corner of Third and Market streets; private entrance on Third street, from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 2 to 6 P. M.; Sundays from 9 to 11 A. M. Consultation rooms entirely private. Secrecy in all cases inviolable. Address all letters to
DRS. H. G. MILLER & CO.,
fe13 d&wtf Louisville.

Galen's Head Dispensary.



ESTABLISHED IN 1860, AND Chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, for the treatment of **VENEREAL DISEASES,** *And all Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs of both sexes.*

Just published.
A MEDICAL REPORT,

Thirtieth edition, containing 80 pages, and 30 fine plates and engravings, on a new method of treating VENEREAL DISEASES, including Syphilis in all its stages; Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele and Hydrocele, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c., &c., WITHOUT MERCURY, containing a valuable treatise on that wide-spread malady of youth, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, Nocturnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Impotency, &c., and the secret infirmities of youth and maturity arising from the baneful habit of self-abuse. Also, how to limit offspring. To which is added observations on FEMALE DISEASES, and other interesting matter of the utmost importance to the married, and those contemplating marriage who entertain doubts of their physical ability to enter that state. Sent to any address, in a sealed wrapper, on receipt of fifteen cents. Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this work.

TO PATIENTS.—We devote our entire time to the treatment of all the above diseases, by the most improved methods, as practiced in the best French, English and American Hospitals. Our Dispensary is the only institution of the kind in America which has been established by a special charter, and this fact should give it a preference over the various quacks of doubtful character to be found in all large cities.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE.—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart, containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home free from damage or curiosity. All consultations private and confidential.

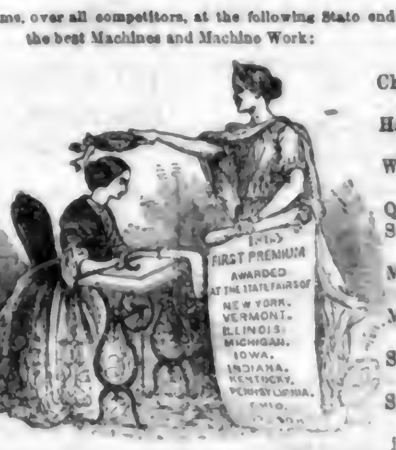
OFFICE—314 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, west side.

To insure safety to all letters, direct to
GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
oc1 Drawer 247 Louisville Ky.

BUTTER.—20 FAILS AND 4 TUBS FRESH WEST ern Reserve Butter just received per express and for sale by
GEO. C. HUNTER,
mr3 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

GROVER & BAKER'S
SEWING MACHINES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SALESROOMS,
No. 5 Masonic Temple, Louisville, Ky.
W. H. GOLDERMAN, Gen'l Ag't

Were awarded the highest Premiums, over all competitors, at the following State and County Fairs of 1863, the best Machines and Machine Work:



New York State Fair.
Indiana State Fair.
Vermont State Fair.
Ohio State Fair.
Iowa State Fair.
Illinois State Fair.
Kentucky State Fair.
Michigan State Fair.
Pennsylvania State Fair.
Oregon State Fair.
Greenfield, O., Union Fair.
Clinton Co., O., Fair.
Chittenden Co., Vt., Agr'l Soc.
Franklin Co., N. Y., Fair.
Champlain Valley, Vt. Agr'l Soc.
Hampden Co., Mass., Agr'l Soc.
Washington Co., N. Y., Fair.
Queens Co., N. Y., Fair.
Saratoga Co., N. Y., Fair.
Mechanics' Institute, Pa., Fair.
Montgomery Co., Pa., Fair.
San Joaquin Co., Cal., Fair.
San Jose District, Cal., Fair.
1e6

THOS. E. WILSON. ARTHUR PETER

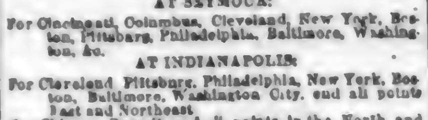
WILSON & PETER,
(SUCCESSORS TO WILSON & STARBIRD.)
Wholesale Druggists
AND IMPORTERS OF
FOREIGN DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,
AND DEALERS IN
PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS AND GLASSWARE
Tobacco, Snuffs, Perfumery, &c.
NO. 416 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.
Agents for the Louisville Chemical Works.
se13 d&w

W. H. STOKES & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE
(OLD-ESTABLISHED SADDLERY WAREHOUSE.)
No. 509 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth
LOUISVILLE, KY.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO EXAMINE OUR stock before making their purchases. Orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person.
fe6 dtf

TRANSPORTATION.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.



TWO DAILY TRAINS.

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOUISville, as follows:

2:25 P. M. Daily, (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR:
For Cincinnati, Columbus, Cleveland, New York, Boston, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, &c.

AT INDIANAPOLIS:
For Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, Washington City, and all points East and Northeast.
For Chicago, Detroit, and all points in the North and Northwest.
For Cairo, St. Louis, Hannibal, Quincy, St. Joseph, &c.

9:00 P. M. Daily, (except Saturdays), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR:
For St. Louis, Cairo, St. Joseph, and all points West.
For Cincinnati and all Eastern and Northeastern cities.
For Toledo, Detroit, &c.

AT INDIANAPOLIS:
For all Eastern and Northeastern Cities.
For Toledo, Detroit, &c.
For Chicago and Northwestern and Western cities.
For Cairo, St. Louis, &c.

Passengers by taking this route avoid a disagreeable and dusty OMNIBUS RIDE of FIVE MILES.

This route is 60 MILES SHORTER, and passengers save 12 HOURS in time over any and all other routes to CHICAGO and the Northwest.

THIS IS THE ONLY DIRECT ALL RAIL ROUTE TO EASTERN CITIES.

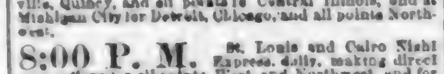
Passengers should examine their tickets carefully to see that they read "JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD."

Any information can be obtained, or Tickets purchased, at the office of the Company, Southeast corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the Railroad Depot, Jeffersonville.

FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

au13 JAS. FERRIER, General Ticket Agent.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RAILROAD.



TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, OPposite Louisville:

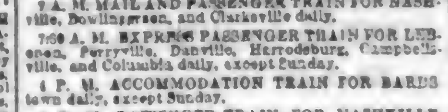
9:00 A. M. Chicago Express, daily (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Mitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West; also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Haute, Mattoon, Alton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy, and all points in Central Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detroit, Chicago, and all points Northwest.

8:00 P. M. St. Louis and Cairo Night Express, daily, making direct connections for all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnati and all Eastern Cities.

Only one change of cars to St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati. Baggage checked through from the Hotels.

For further information and through tickets apply at the office of the Company, southwest corner Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open Sundays from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M. S. S. PARKER, Agent.
A. B. CULVER, Sup't. my23 d3m

Louisville and Nashville



RAILROAD.
Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 1st, 1864, TRAINS will leave the Depot, corner of Ninth and Broadway—

5 A. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASHville daily.

6 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN FOR NASHville, Bowlinggreen, and Clarksville daily.

7:00 A. M. EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAIN FOR LEBanon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville, and Columbia daily, except Sunday.

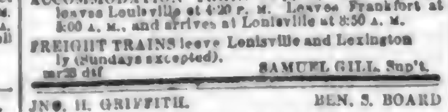
4 P. M. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN FOR BARDStown daily, except Sunday.

1 P. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR NASHVILLE, daily.

7 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASHville daily.

B. MARSHEL,
ap30 dtf Sup't of Transportation.

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.



ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MARCH 28th, 1864.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily (except Sundays) at 5:55 A. M., stopping at all stations except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview; Leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN (stopping at all stations) leaves Louisville at 4:20 P. M. Leaves Frankfort at 5:00 A. M., and arrives at Louisville at 8:50 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lexington daily (Sundays excepted).
mr28 dtf SAMUEL GILL, Sup't.

JNO. H. GRIFFITH. BEN. S. BOARD

GRIFFITH & BOARD,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
—AND DEALERS IN—
Groceries and Produce,
312 Main Street, bet. Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES
J. W. Cardwell, Esq., Cashier Harrousburg Savings Bank.
Spratt & Co., Pickett Tobacco Warehouse.
Glover & Co., Boone "
S. F. J. Ronald, Ninth street "
Phelps, Caldwell & Co., Louisville
Stock, Wicks & Co., "
Wm. S. Davis, Esq., "
A. Rawson & Co., "
Gardner & Co., jy20 dtf

NOTICE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., April 4th, 1864.

AT A REGULAR ANNUAL ELECTION OF A PRESident and twelve Directors, held this day, the following gentlemen were duly elected for the ensuing year: James Trabue, President; Wm. Garvin, Wm. Gay, H. D. Newcomb, Geo. W. Morris, J. S. Lithgow, John White, Wm. Hughes, Jos. P. Torbitt, W. Geo. Anderson, Wm. J. Anderson, John Ferguson, Jr., James S. Phelps, Directors.

This Company continues to do a general Marine and Fire Insurance business at its office, corner of Main and Bullitt streets, over Citizens' Bank. The Marine business is done on the mutual principle.
ap6 R. A. BROWINSKI, Sec'y.

H. COHEN,

Wholesale and retail dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas &c., 426 Market st., bet. Fourth and Fifth, Louisville.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST STOCK of Spring and Summer Goods ever imported to this city, which I will sell, either wholesale or retail, 10 per cent. cheaper than any one else, and I would most respectfully invite the public to call and see for themselves. No trouble to show goods. fe24 dlm

PRIME LEAF LARD.—
50 tierces Macklin's Prime Leaf Lard;
75 kegs do do;
In store and for sale by
oil T. L. JEFFERSON.

COAL AND LUMBER.

Proclamation to Consumers of Coal.

WHEREAS, OWING TO THE LATE REBELLION between coal dealers and consumers, and in order to prevent a like contingency in future, I, William Steele, hereby proclaim that all persons in want of Coal can send their orders to my office, No. 452 East Market street, between Preston and Jackson, and have them filled promptly with the very best of Pittsburg Coal at the lowest possible prices. Witness my hand this the 1st day of June, 1864.
je2 d3m* WILLIAM STEELE.

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR,
(SUCCESSORS TO JOS. ROBB),
—DEALERS IN—
Pittsburg and Peytona Cannel Coal,
AND
Sole Agents for the Pomeroy Coal.

ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest mark prices. Constantly on hand a good supply of the PEYTONA CANNEL and PEACOCK POMEROY COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superior.

Offices—304 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, at Robb's old stand, and 203 southwest corner of Brook and Market streets. je28 dtf

Dissolution.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, under the style of T. W. BRIGGS & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent.
T. W. BRIGGS & CO.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

MESSRS. S. ROBERTS & CO., (OF THE FIRM OF T. W. Briggs & Co.) wish to inform their friends and the public generally that they still occupy the office formerly occupied by Messrs. T. W. Briggs & Co., No. 135 Market street, between First and Second, where they will keep constantly on hand a full supply of the best

Pittsburg and Youghiogheny Coal,
Wholesale and retail to suit customers. oc28 n1&dtf

REMARKABLE FACT.

NO MATTER HOW HIGH COFFEE MAY GO IN the market, the

SIBERIAN BREAKFAST
COFFEE

is never more than half the price of GREEN COFFEE. This appears the more remarkable after its use, and you are acquainted with its MERIT. Call for it at any RESPECTABLE GROCERY, and satisfy yourselves.

The genuine is prepared at the

Eagle Coffee, Spice and Mustard Mills,

Cor. Sixth and Grayson sts., Louisville.
ap19

Patent Commission House
SNYDER & WALTER,
No. 229 Broadway, New York.

VALUABLE ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PATENT Rights manufactured or sold for cash on commission. Being connected with the AMERICAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY (Mr. Walter as a Trustee), we are enabled to introduce, manufacture or sell, first-class patents on satisfactory terms. Consignments respectfully solicited. Address
SNYDER & WALTER,
No. 229 Broadway, New York.

REFERENCES:

We, the undersigned, do hereby authorize Snyder & Walter to refer to us, and believe they will conduct the business upon strictly honorable principles.
(Signed)
John McKewan, Importer, 55 Maiden Lane, New York.
J. W. Kirby, Metropolitan Bank, New York.
H. D. Smith, Chemical Bank, New York.
C. H. Voorhees, Banker, 48 Pine street, New York.
W. L. Taylor, Banker 76 Wall street, New York.
J. Wilmot, 2 Bowlinggreen street, New York.
H. Arther, Banker, 63 Wall street, New York.
Sheppard, Seward & Co., 214 Pearl street, New York.
Also, by permission—
D. W. Brown, 117 Maiden Lane, Treasurer American Manufacturing Company, New York.
B. H. Taylor, 3 Pine street, New York. my13 d3m

W. E. SNODDY, Louisville, Ky. R. S. HOWARD, Late of R. H. Short & Co., New Orleans.

SNODDY & HOWARD,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 71 Broad street, New York.

W. E. SNODDY WILL REMAIN IN LOUISVILLE and make advances upon shipments.
Office—In the Hamilton Block, second story, first room from front entrance. my27 d3m

J. W. HEETER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS.

NO. 624 MAIN STREET, UP-STAIRS, NEARLY OPposite the Louisville Hotel. mr19 dtl

U. S. HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE.
Most Central House.
HALL & HARRIS.
ja20 d&wly

Rags! Rags! Rags!

HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR RAGS IN CASH OR trade at office of
LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL,
409 Main street.
se16 d&w A. V. DUPONT & CO

SNUFF.—
300 packages Garrett's and Bonn's Scotch Snuff;
1,000 lbs Maccaboy Snuff; for sale by
R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
19 d&w 515 Main street.

WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE.—
1,000 boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes;
1,000 boxes Glassware; for sale by
R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
de19 d&w 515 Main street.

INDIGO.—3,000 POUNDS PRIME MADRAS INDIGO for sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
de19 d&w 515 Main street.

CREAM TARTAR.—1,500 LBS CREAM TARTAR FOR sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
d19 d&w 515 Main street.

BI CARB SODA.—150 KEGS BI CARB SODA (fine) for sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
d19 d&w 515 Main street.

CASTOR OIL.—3 BBLS PRIME CASTOR OIL FOR sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
de19 d&w 515 Main street.